

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number: 110208

TO: Anh Ly Location: .

Art Unit: 2172

Friday, December 12, 2003

Case Serial Number: 09345448

From: Terese Esterheld

Location: EIC 2100

PK2-4B30

Phone: 308-7795

Terese.esterheld@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Dear Examiner Ly,

Attached, please find the results of your search request for application 09345448. The citations with bad dates or information that does not meet your request has been deleted from the set

Look over the set as there appears to be many records that could be of value to you.

Please let me if you need additional information on this search.

Thank you for coming to EIC 2100.

Terese Esterheld



\$et Items Description 218 AU=(CONMY, D? OR CONMY D? OR STRAIT, G? OR STRAIT G? OR KA-S1 TZ, D? OR KATZ D? OR SHAVER, R? OR SHAVER R?) S2 22 S1 AND IC=G06F? S1 AND SUBSCRIBE?()UPDATES s3 File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2003/Aug (Updated 031202) (c) 2003 JPO & JAPIO File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2003/Nov W05 (c) 2003 European Patent Office File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20031203,UT=20031127 (c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2003/UD,UM &UP=200379

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent

```
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00509158
APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR REFORMATTABLE SPREADSHEET.
GERAT UND VERFAHREN FUR EINEN WIEDERFORMATIERBAREN TABULATOR.
TABLEUR POUVANT ETRE REFORMATE.
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  LOTUS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, (1187500), 55 Cambridge Parkway,
    Cambridge, Massachusetts 02142, (US), (applicant designated states:
   AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; LI; LU; NL; SE)
INVENTOR:
  SALAS, R., Pito, 12 Intervale Road, Arlington, MA 02174, (US)
  EDELSON, Glenn, D., 71 Appleton Street, Apt. 2, Boston, MA 02116, (US)
  KLEPPNER, Paul, S., 1578 Cambridge Street, Cambridge, MA 02138, (US)
  SHAVER, Robert, S., 1 Arden Road, Watertown, MA 02172, (US
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Driver, Virginia Rozanne (58902), Page White & Farrer 54 Doughty Street,
    London WC1N 2LS, (GB)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 548240 A1 930630 (Basic)
                              WO 9204678 920319
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                              EP 91917206 910905; WO 91US6461 910905
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 580320 900910
DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; LI; LU; NL; SE
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-015/20
CITED PATENTS (WO A): EP 294187 A; EP 325081 A; EP 410452 A
CITED REFERENCES (WO A):
  COMMUNICATIONS OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR COMPUTING MACHINERY. vol. 31, no.
    12, December 1988, NEW YORK, NY, US pages 1424 - 1437; T. RISCH, R.
    REBOH, P. HART, AND R. DUDA: 'A functional approach to integrating
    database and expert systems' see page 1434, column 1, line 44 - column
    2, line 20; figure 6
                                                  vol. 7, no. 3, May 1990,
  IEEE SOFTWARE.
    LOS ALAMITOS, CA, US pages 78 - 89; W. DU AND W.W. WADGE: 'A 3D
    spreadsheet based on intensional logic' see the whole document;
NOTE:
 No A-document published by EPO
LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):
Application:
                  930630 Al Published application (Alwith Search Report
                            ;A2without Search Report)
 Examination:
                  930630 Al Date of filing of request for examination:
                            930305
 Examination:
                  940216 Al Date of despatch of first examination report:
                            931230
 Withdrawal:
                  950927 Al Date on which the European patent application
                            was deemed to be withdrawn: 950401
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
```

(Item 2 from file: 348)

(Item 3 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. **Image available** 00207477 APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR REFORMATTABLE SPREADSHEET TABLEUR POUVANT ETRE REFORMATE Patent Applicant/Assignee: LOTUS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, Inventor(s): SALAS R Pito, EDELSON Glenn D, KLEPPNER Paul S, SHAVER Robert S Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): WO 9204678 A1 19920319 Patent: WO 91US6461 19910905 (PCT/WO US9106461) Application: Priority Application: US 90320 19900910 Designated States: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT JP LU NL SE Main International Patent Class: G06F-015/20 Publication Language: English Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

English Abstract

Fulltext Word Count: 11787

Spreadsheet apparatus enables reformatting and renaming of items forming the spreadsheet. A series of items forms a dimension along an axis of the spreadsheet. A label icon or labelling entity is user nameable to describe the series of items of an axis. Repositioning of the label icons repositions respective series of items and thus redefines/rearranges the axes of the spreadsheet. Sub-axes to an axis are similarly formed by series of items associated with a respective label icon. Order of label icons in predefined areas of a working screen view determine hierarchy of main axis and sub-axes for the label icons. There is a different predefined area for the possible vertical axes, possible horizontal axes, and the possible orthogonal axes of the spreadsheet. A cell module holds spreadsheet data in a matrix of memory cells. A symbol table translates between current specified names of items in the spreadsheet and indexes to cells of the cell module. Thus, a user is able to rearrange and/or relabel icons in the spreadsheet screen view to reformat the spreadsheet, and the supporting computer members provide display of the spreadsheet rearranged according to position of the icons without losing data of the items as held in respective intersections of the spreadsheet.

French Abstract

Tableur permettant de reformater et de changer le nom des elements le composant. Une serie d'elements constitue une dimension le long d'un axe du tableur. Une icone d'etiquette ou une entite d'etiquetage peut etre nommee par l'utilisateur pour decrire une serie d'elements le long d'un axe. Le repositionnement des icones d'etiquette repositionne des series respectives d'elements et redefinit/reagence ainsi les axes du tableur. Des sous-axes d'un axe sont de la meme maniere formes par des series d'elements associes a une icone d'etiquette respectif. L'ordre des icones dans des regions predefinies d'une image d'un ecran de travail determine la hierarchie des axes principaux et des sous-axes pour les icones d'etiquette. Il y a differentes regions predefinies pour les axes verticaux possibles, les axes horizontaux possibles et les axes orthogonaux possibles du tableur. Un module de cellules maintient les donnees du tableur dans une matrice de cellules de memoire. Une table d'etiquettes traduit les noms d'elements specifies actuels du tableur et les index des cellules du module de cellules. Ainsi, un utilisateur peut reagencer et/ou reetiqueter des icones dans l'image d'ecran du tableur pour reformater celui-ci, et les modules de gestion d'ecran de l'ordinateur assurent un affichage du tableau reagence selon la position des icones sans perdre des donnees concernant les elements contenus dans

des intersections respectives du tableur.

(Item 1 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

Image available 015739695 WPI Acc No: 2003-801896/200375

XRPX Acc No: N03-642606

Intellectual capital management method for company, involves searching intellectual capital database entries from computer for matching entries

Patent Assignee: KATZ D (KATZ-I); MCCLOY R (MCCL-I)

Inventor: KATZ D ; MCCLOY R
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Date Applicat No Kind Date Patent No Kind US 20030158745 A1 20030821 US 2001316299 P 20010904 200375 B 20020904 US 2002233596 A

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001316299 P 20010904; US 2002233596 A 20020904

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Filing Notes Main IPC Provisional application US 2001316299 US 20030158745 A1 31 G06F-017/60

Abstract (Basic): US 20030158745 A1

NOVELTY - The intellectual capital database entries are searched from computer for matching entries. The matching entries at or below the access level are transmitted to user interface of computer, for display.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for computer system.

USE - For documenting, tracking and facilitating the development of intellectual capital for licensing or purchase operations in company.

ADVANTAGE - Allows the company to maintain a dynamic network database of intellectual capital. Provides individuals and companies with a way to keep other employees informed about the company's intellectual capital and provides individuals with access to intellectual capital. Provides individuals and companies with a way to efficiently and effectively develop and market intellectual capital.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a flow diagram of an organizational chart of an innovation page of the system.

pp; 31 DwgNo 6/23

Title Terms: INTELLIGENCE; CAPITAL; MANAGEMENT; METHOD; COMPANY; SEARCH; INTELLIGENCE; CAPITAL; DATABASE; ENTER; COMPUTER; MATCH; ENTER

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60

```
·2/5/12 (Item 6 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
```

014012209 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-496423/200154

Related WPI Acc No: 2000-655127; 2001-496422

XRPX Acc No: N01-367890

Electronic calendar with group scheduling

Patent Assignee: CONMY D W (CONM-I)

Inventor: CONMY D W

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20010014867 A1 20010816 US 9750155 A 19970619 200154 B
US 98100223 A 19980619

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9750155 P 19970619; US 98100223 A 19980619

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20010014867 A1 18 G06F-017/60 Provisional application US 9750155

Abstract (Basic): US 20010014867 A1

NOVELTY - A network based electronic calendaring system for a plurality of users consists of one or more databases which store a profile for each potential invitee of the system. The invitee profile consists of a user profile that contains information regarding available and unavailable times for that user. Connected to the databases over the network are one or more client systems operating a calendaring system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The calendaring system enables a user to request allocation of a time interval (100) for one or more of the invitees. The calendaring system gathers the profiles for each of the requested invitees (102, 104) and determines whether each of the invitees is available during the requested time interval (106). An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a computer readable medium.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{USE}}$ - Electronic calendar with group scheduling and storage of user profiles.

ADVANTAGE - The calendar system organizes available meeting rooms as well as invitees. The calendaring system permits the user to view results in a manner selected from the group of displaying those invitees that are available, displaying those invitees that are not available and displaying those invitees whose schedule could not be found.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a flow diagram of the calendar scheduling system.

Schedule request (100)

user profile information (102,104) determine if user is available. (106)

pp; 18 DwgNo 3/9

Title Terms: ELECTRONIC; CALENDAR; GROUP; SCHEDULE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI

2/5/13 (Item 7 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014012208 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-496422/200154

Related WPI Acc No: 2000-637028; 2000-655127; 2001-496423

XRPX Acc No: N01-367889

Electronic calendar with group scheduling and storage of user profiles using database of invitees profiles to calculate available time slots

Patent Assignee: BANKS-BINICI J (BANK-I); BECKHARDT S R (BECK-I); CONMY D W (CONM-I); SLAPIKOFF R (SLAP-I)

Inventor: BANKS-BINICI J; BECKHARDT S R; CONMY D W ; SLAPIKOFF R

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20010014866 A1 20010816 US 9750155 A 19970619 200154 B
US 98100133 A 19980619

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9750155 P 19970619; US 98100133 A 19980619

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 20010014866 A1 18 G06F-017/60 Provisional application US 9750155
Abstract (Basic): US 20010014866 A1

NOVELTY - The system consists of a database associated with one or more servers to store a profile for each potential invitee of the system. Each invitee profile consists of user profiles that have information regarding available and unavailable times for that user and the electronic mail address for the user and resource profiles (300) having information about the available times for a particular resource such as a room or equipment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A request generator connected over a network to the servers generates a request for allocation of a time interval for one or more of the plurality of invitees. The system then provides a busy time determination device (304) that gathers the profiles for the invitees that were requested by the request generating means and that are available in the databases and determines whether those invitees are available during the time interval requested by the request generating means. For all available invitees, the electronic mail address in the profile is used to send each available requested invitee an invitation to attend at the requested time interval. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a computer readable medium.

USE - Electronic calendar with group scheduling and storage of user profiles.

ADVANTAGE - The calendar system organizes available meeting rooms as well as invitees.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a schematic view of the scheduling system.

Profile storage (300)

Busy time determiner (304)

pp; 18 DwgNo 2/9

Title Terms: ELECTRONIC; CALENDAR; GROUP; SCHEDULE; STORAGE; USER; PROFILE; DATABASE; PROFILE; CALCULATE; AVAILABLE; TIME; SLOT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60

```
(Item 9 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
013725878
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-210108/200121
XRPX Acc No: N01-150040
 Method for providing computer system uncorrectable error (UE) recovery
 connects each CPU to a store logic and fetch logic used to detect and
 correct data errors and to write resulting data into associated cache
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: MAK P; MEANEY P J; SHEN W W; STRAIT G E
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
                                          Kind
Patent No
                   Date
                            Applicat No
                                                           Week
            Kind
                                                  Date
                                                19980430 200121 B
                  20001219 US 9870389
US 6163857
             A
                                          Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9870389 A 19980430
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                       Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
US 6163857 A 8 G06F-011/00
Abstract (Basic): US 6163857 A
       NOVELTY - Method connects each CPU to store and fetch (108) logics
   used to detect and correct data errors, and to write resulting data
   into associated cache where logics perform error correction logic
   operations to detect and correct correctable errors in cache. It keeps
   computer system running in spite of detected uncorrectable errors
   without causing data integrity errors to any jobs that are kept
       USE - For providing computer system uncorrectable error (UE)
   recovery.
       ADVANTAGE - Keeps a computer system running in spite of hardware
   errors without causing data integrity errors to any jobs that are kept
   running.
       DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows the high level data
    flow.
       the cache fetch logic (108)
       pp; 8 DwgNo 1/5
Title Terms: METHOD; COMPUTER; SYSTEM; ERROR; RECOVER; CONNECT; CPU;
  STORAGE; LOGIC; FETCH; LOGIC; DETECT; CORRECT; DATA; ERROR; WRITING;
  RESULT; DATA; ASSOCIATE; CACHE
Derwent Class: T01; U21
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-011/00
File Segment: EPI
2/5/16
           (Item 10 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
            **Image available**
013717323
WPI Acc No: 2001-201547/200120
Related WPI Acc No: 2000-430297
XRPX Acc No: N01-143649
 Computer system with storage controller, detects potential deadlock
  situations among competing requesters for processing requests and
 maintains request in interrupt state until specific condition is
  satisfied
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: BLAKE M A; FEE M; JONES C C; MAK P; STRAIT G E
Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
Patent No
                            Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
           Kind Date
                                          A 19980430 200120 B
             A 20001121 US 9870432
US 6151655
             B 20020304 KR 998680
                                           A 19990315 200260
KR 326986
```

```
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9870432 A 19980430; US 9870664 A
  19980430
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                       Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
US 6151655 A 15 G06F-012/00
                      G06F-015/16 Previous Publ. patent KR 99082745
KR 326986
             В
Abstract (Basic): US 6151655 A
       NOVELTY - A deadlock resolution logic detects potential deadlock
    situations among competing requesters for processing requests and
    maintains request in interrupt state until specific condition is
    satisfied. A global hang pulse logic (141) detects hangs in the storage
   controller mechanism and generates short hang pulses.
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The system includes requesters including
    processing elements processing with pipeline passes, and making
    requests for fetching and storing and for memory attached via bus. A
    deadlock resolution logic maintains request in interrupt state until a
    specific condition is satisfied. A global hang pulse logic (141)
   detects hangs in storage controller mechanism and generates short hang
   pulses. An internal hang detection logic (140) generates an internal
   hang detect pulse, when number of short hang pulses are detected
    indicating potential deadlock condition. As a result, an internal hang
    detect output signal is set and a control logic ignores detected hangs
   in pipeline passes.
       USE - Computer system with storage controller.
       ADVANTAGE - Allows detection of potential deadlock situations among
    all types of requesters, and hence avoids deadlock between request
    types competing for access to same resources in multiprocessor system.
       DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the diagram of address
    flow for single storage controller in multiprocessor system.
       Internal hang detection logic (140)
       Global hang pulse logic (141)
       pp; 15 DwgNo 2/6
Title Terms: COMPUTER; SYSTEM; STORAGE; CONTROL; DETECT; POTENTIAL;
 DEADLOCK; SITUATE; COMPETE; PROCESS; REQUEST; MAINTAIN; REQUEST;
  INTERRUPT; STATE; SPECIFIC; CONDITION; SATISFY
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00; G06F-015/16
File Segment: EPI
2/5/17
            (Item 11 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
013483184
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2000-655127/200063
Related WPI Acc No: 2000-585932; 2000-637028; 2001-326720; 2001-380089;
 2001-482084; 2001-496422; 2001-496423; 2001-638163; 2001-662301;
 2002-033241; 2002-081681; 2002-556193; 2002-705271
XRPX Acc No: N00-485544
 Time interval scheduling system for network based electronic calendars,
 has best fit determining unit to determine next best time interval when
 invitees are not available at requested time, using weighting function
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: BANKS-BINICI J; CONMY D W
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
                                           Kind
                                                            Week
             Kind
                   Date
                             Applicat No
                                                   Date
US 6101480
             Α
                  20000808 US 9750155
                                            Α
                                                 19970619 200063 B
                             US 98100134
                                            Α
                                                 19980619
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9750155 P 19970619; US 98100134 A
  19980619
Patent Details:
```

Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 6101480 A 18 G06F-017/60 Provisional application US 9750155

Abstract (Basic): US 6101480 A

NOVELTY - A busy time determination unit gathers profiles for requested invitees available in databases and determines whether those invitees are available during the time interval requested by the request generating unit. A best fit determining unit determines next best time interval when all the invitees are not available at requested time, using weighting function.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A database stores profile for each potential invitee of the system. The invitee profiles consists of user profiles each of which includes information regarding availability time of user. A request generating unit connected to server over a network, generates request for time interval allocation for invitees. Weight is assigned to each invitee for several potential reasons for unavailability of the invitee. The unavailability value is computed for each time interval within preset range of requested time interval. The time interval having lowest unavailability value is chosen as the next best time interval. INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (a) scheduling time intervals processing method;
- (b) for program product

USE - For network based electronic calenders, schedulers and tasking systems for groups of user.

ADVANTAGE - Since electronic calender with group scheduling operates an client/server environment the available time is automatically found for meeting based on invitee availability. Since the electronic calender automatically determines best fit' time for proposed meeting when all invitees are not available at same time, effective scheduling is achieved.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flow chart of the steps involved in time interval scheduling method.

pp; 18 DwgNo 4/9

Title Terms: TIME; INTERVAL; SCHEDULE; SYSTEM; NETWORK; BASED; ELECTRONIC; CALENDAR; FIT; DETERMINE; UNIT; DETERMINE; TIME; INTERVAL; AVAILABLE; REQUEST; TIME; WEIGHT; FUNCTION

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI

```
2/5/18 (Item 12 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
```

013258414 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2000-430297/200037
Related WPI Acc No: 2001-201547
XRPX Acc No: N00-321040

Deadlock resolution method in symmetric multiprocessor system, involves ignoring detected potential hangs in pipeline passes based on internal hang detect pulse

Patent Assignee: IBM CORP (IBMC); INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC) Inventor: BLAKE M A; FEE M; JONES C C; MAK P; STRAIT G E Number of Countries: 003 Number of Patents: 004

Number of Counciles: 003 Number of Fa

Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 6073182 A 20000606 US 9870664 A 19980430 200037 JP 11328141 A 19991130 JP 99110569 A 19990419 200055 KR 99082745 A 19991125 KR 998680 Α 19990315 200055 KR 326986 В 20020304 KR 998680 Α 19990315 200260

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9870664 A 19980430; US 9870432 A 19980430

Patent Details:

```
Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes US 6073182 A 15 G06F-015/16
```

JP 11328141 A 19 G06F-015/177

KR 99082745 A G06F-015/16

Abstract (Basic): US 6073182 A

NOVELTY - A global hang pulse logic detects potential hangs in storage controller by detecting time at which processing of request in storage controller is valid. An internal hang detection logic generates a pulse when number of short hang pulses are detected to provide an indication that there is a potential deadlock condition. A control logic ignores detected hangs in pipeline passes based on this pulse.

USE - For deadlock resolution in symmetric multiprocessor system

e.g. computer system.

ADVANTAGE - Prevents deadlocks between several requesters competing for access to same resources in multiprocessor system by disabling deadlock resolution function for specific categories of requests.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the system overview of multiprocessor system.

pp; 15 DwgNo 1/6

Title Terms: DEADLOCK; RESOLUTION; METHOD; SYMMETRICAL; MULTIPROCESSOR; SYSTEM; IGNORING; DETECT; POTENTIAL; HANG; PIPE; PASS; BASED; INTERNAL;

HANG; DETECT; PULSE Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/16; G06F-015/177

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-015/173

*2/5/22 (Item 16 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

004339511

WPI Acc No: 1985-166389/198528

XRPX Acc No: N85-125271

Code error correcting method - by converting each syndrome decode to hash words which address look up tables whose outputs are combined to form error pointer

Patent Assignee: IBM CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: COCKE J; COPPERSMIT D; SEIGLER A E; STRAIT G E

Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Α EP 147623 19850710 EP 84114115 Α 19841123 198528 B 19860114 US 83567212 US 4564944 Α Α 19831230 198605

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 83567212 A 19831230
Cited Patents: 2.Jnl.Ref; A3...8733; EP 12828; JP 57182253; JP 58220216;
No-SR.Pub; US 4107652; US 4215402; US 4397022
Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC

EP 147623 A E 39
Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

Abstract (Basic): EP 147623 A

Each error syndrome of an error correction code is hashed by a number of functions. The hash outputs are used to address a number of look-up tables. The table outputs are logically combined to generate an error pointer.

Filing Notes

Each error syndrome is preferably converted simultaneously by three hashing functions into three different hash outputs for addressing three look-up tables. The three table outputs are combined bitwise by an EXCLUSIVE-OR operation.

USE/ADVANTAGE - For error detection and correction during transmission or storage of data. Method requires small amount of storage and has fast operation. There is complete freedom in the design of error pointer formats, i.e. error location code and error identification can be fully adapted to system design. Multiple errors in subgroups (e.g. storage cards), can be easily accommodated and handled. Applicable to all kinds of error correcting codes which allow operation of syndromes.

1/6

Title Terms: CODE; ERROR; CORRECT; METHOD; CONVERT; SYNDROME; DECODE; HASH; WORD; ADDRESS; UP; TABLE; OUTPUT; COMBINATION; FORM; ERROR; POINT Derwent Class: T01; U21; W01

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-011/10 ; H03M-013/00
File Segment: EPI

```
Items
                Description
                AU=(CONMY, D? OR CONMY D? OR STRAIT, G? OR STRAIT G? OR KA-
S1
         3647
             TZ, D? OR KATZ D? OR SHAVER, R? OR SHAVER R?)
S2
                S1 AND INFORMATION() SOURCE?
                S1 AND UPDATE?
s3
                S1 AND SUBSCRIB?
S4
            2
       2:INSPEC 1969-2003/Nov W5
File
         (c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers
       6:NTIS 1964-2003/Dec W1
File
         (c) 2003 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/Nov W5
File
         (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2003/Dec W1
File
         (c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info
File
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Oct
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
     65:Inside Conferences 1993-2003/Dec W1
File
         (c) 2003 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
     92:IHS Intl.Stds.& Specs. 1999/Nov
File
         (c) 1999 Information Handling Services
     94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2003/Dec W1
File
         (c) 2003 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
     95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2003/Nov W4
File
         (c) 2003 FIZ TECHNIK
File 99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2003/Oct
         (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co.
File 103: Energy SciTec 1974-2003/Nov B2
         (c) 2003 Contains copyrighted material
File 144: Pascal 1973-2003/Nov W5
         (c) 2003 INIST/CNRS
File 202:Info. Sci. & Tech. Abs. 1966-2003/Nov 17
         (c) 2003 EBSCO Publishing
File 233: Internet & Personal Comp. Abs. 1981-2003/Jul
         (c) 2003, EBSCO Pub.
File 239:Mathsci 1940-2003/Jan
         (c) 2003 American Mathematical Society
File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2003/Dec 11
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 CMP Media, LLC
File 674:Computer News Fulltext 1989-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 IDG Communications
File 696: DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2003/Dec 11
         (c) 2003 The Dialog Corp.
```

```
Set
       Items
               Description
               SELECT OR ELECTING? OR CHOOSE OR PICK? OR ELECTS OR ELECT -
S1
            OR DECID? OR DESIGNAT? OR STIPULAT? OR DETERMIN? OR SPECIF?
               FORMULA OR LOGIC OR EXPRESSION? OR SCHEME? OR TECHNIQUE? OR
S2
             SYSTEM? ? OR ALGORITHM? OR RULE? OR SQL() (STATEMENT? OR FORM-
            ULA?)
               PROGRAMMED OR PROGRAMMING OR PROGRAMS OR IN-
s3
     1603940
            STRUCTION? OR DEFINING OR INPUT OR "IN"() PUT
      596271 USER? OR CONSUMER? OR BUYER? OR PURCHASER? OR SHOPPER? OR -
S4
            CUSTOMER? OR BROWSER? OR SUBSCRIBER? OR CLIENT? OR PATRON?
      142758 SEARCH? OR QUER? OR SEEK? OR PURSU? OR MATCH? OF FIND? OR -
S5
            LOOK?
     1091390 CRITERIA OR STANDARD? OR RULE? OR TEST? OR MARK? ? OR GAUGE
S6
             OR BENCHMARK?
              (IDENTIF? OR RECOGNIZ? OR DISTINGUISH?) (5N) (DATA OR INFORM-
s7
       88068
            ATION)
               PRESENT? OR DISPLAY? OR DISCLOS? OR DIVULG?
S8
     1448225
S 9
     3408011
               INTERVAL? OR TIME OR FREQUENC? OR DURATION?
              INTERVENTION? OR INTERFERING OR INTRUDING OR (FURTHER OR A-
S10
       37957
            DDITIONAL) () (ACTION OR INPUT)
       97942 S1 (3N) S2
S11
         756
               S11 AND (S3 (3N) S4)
S12
         302 S11 AND (S4 (3N) S6)
S13
        1306 S7 (5N) S5
S14
        1750 S7 AND S8 AND S4 AND S9
S15
          78 S4 AND "NO"()S10
S16
           0 S13 AND S14 AND S15
S17
           0 S13 AND S14
S18
           0 S13 AND S15
S19
          0
             S13 AND S16
S20
S21
          38 S14 AND S15
S22
          0
             S14 AND S16
S23
         34 S12 AND S13
         40 S11 AND S14
S24
         42 S11 AND S15
S25
          1 S11 AND S16
S26
         24
              S16 AND S9
S27
               S23 AND S9
S28
          2
               S24 AND S9
         14
S29
S30
          42
               S25 AND S9
               S4 (3N) (("NO" OR NON)()S10)
S31
          23
               S21:S31
S32
         194
               S32 AND IC=G06F?
S33
         112
               S33 AND IC=(G06F-007? OR G06F-017?)
$34
          63
File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2003/Aug (Updated 031202)
         (c) 2003 JPO & JAPIO
File 350: Derwent WPIX 1963-2003/UD, UM &UP=200379
```

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent

34/5/7 (Item 7 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

(c) 2003 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

05317325 **Image available**

DATA ANALYSIS METHOD

PUB. NO.: 08-272825 [JP 8272825 A] PUBLISHED: October 18, 1996 (19961018)

INVENTOR(s): TANIGUCHI YOJI

KAWASHIMA KAZUHIRO

ISHIBASHI AKINORI

YAJIMA TAKASHI

APPLICANT(s): HITACHI LTD [000510] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 07-100027 [JP 95100027] FILED: March 31, 1995 (19950331)

INTL CLASS: [6] G06F-017/30

JAPIO CLASS: 45.4 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Computer Applications)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To provide a data analysis method capable of classifying plural rules generated by the **instruction** of a **user** from the data of a data base into the highly common rule groups of suitable data.

CONSTITUTION: The rules for extracting the appearing area of a record provided with a predetermined feature from the records of the data base are generated and displayed for number given by the **instruction** of a **user** together with the adaptation of the rules in a rule form composed of a condition part provided with more than one record items and a conclusion part provided with one record item based on the **instruction** of the **user**

(11). The degree of the similarity of the rule between the specified rule specified by the user and the other rules is obtained (20), the specified rule and the other rule provided with the degree of the similarity of the rule higher than the lowest degree of the similarity are displayed in a pair and registered based on the instruction of the user (30). Further, the rule is selected from the registered rules or a new rule is generated, the degree of the similarity between the respective pairs of the rules in the rules is obtained and displayed and the inclusion relation of a pair of the rules specified by the user is obtained and displayed (40).

34/5/40 (Item 32 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013673764

WPI Acc No: 2001-157976/200116

XRPX Acc No: N01-114990

User interactive searching, retrieving and previewing method for multimedia content in retail environment, involves modifying information to be searched, when its corresponding data item is not identified

Patent Assignee: MUZE INC (MUZE-N)

Inventor: ARMSTRONG J R; HUXLEY M T; ISRAEL J A; ROSOVSKY P; ZULLO P F

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 6134547 A 20001017 US 94273449 A 19940711 200116 B
US 96725841 A 19960930

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 94273449 A 19940711; US 96725841 A 19960930

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 6134547 A 39 G06F-017/30 Cont of application US 94273449

Abstract (Basic): US 6134547 A

NOVELTY - An input screen is **displayed** on interface, for inputting information to be searched, in response to **user** 's interaction. The information to be searched is judged whether it corresponds to any data items. The information is modified automatically, if data items corresponding to **information**, are not **identified**. (Drawings not suitable for reproduction).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The data items stored in related databases, include text, graphic, image, video, animation and audio data. Each data item is stored as record identified by pointer. Each record has a field for permitting other pointer entries for relating the record to other data items identified by other entries. When data items corresponding to information to be searched is not identified, the searchable terms are identified in the information to be searched. Then, Boolean AND is performed on each term and the records containing all these terms, are identified. If records are not identified by AND operation, Boolean OR operation is done to identify the records. The records are identified by performing seek operation in databases, if corresponding records are not identified by OR operation. If records are not identified by seek operation, windowing back of each term is done and seek operation is done on each windowed back terms, to identify corresponding record. The data item corresponding to the information to be searched, is retrieved and displayed on result screen of interface. The other data items identified by other pointer entries, are also displayed corresponding to the information to be searched. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for user interactive searching, retrieving and previewing system of multimedia content.

USE - For user interactive multimedia cataloging, navigation and previewing of films and films on video.

ADVANTAGE - Provides very efficient way for ensuring that all necessary information is entered in proper location in the database, within short time. User can efficiently and easily search through film and video database.

pp; 39 DwgNo 0/59

Title Terms: USER; INTERACT; SEARCH; RETRIEVAL; PREVIEW; METHOD; CONTENT; RETAIL; ENVIRONMENT; MODIFIED; INFORMATION; SEARCH; CORRESPOND; DATA; ITEM; IDENTIFY

Derwent Class: T01; W03; W04

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

```
34/5/44
             (Item 36 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
013465363
WPI Acc No: 2000-637306/200061
Related WPI Acc No: 2000-637083
XRPX Acc No: N00-472604
  Database management control system for design and manufacture of complex
  electronic modules, sets PFVL algorithm containing specific
  attributes, so that each data components are accessed individually
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: MUELLER J L; VAN HUBEN G A
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
            Kind
                    Date
                             Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
                                           Α
US 6094654
             Α
                  20000725
                            US 96760913
                                                 19961206 200061 B
                             US 98103771
                                            Α
                                                 19980624
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96760913 A 19961206; US 98103771 A
  19980624
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
            Α
                 401 G06F-017/30
                                    Div ex application US 96760913
Abstract (Basic): US 6094654 A
       NOVELTY - Several control and data access records are produced
    using single logical package-file-type-version-level (PFVL) algorithm.
    The algorithm contains attribute data of
    library-variance-quantity-level-view-cell-version such that each data
   components are accessed, to identify relevant design data .
       DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Each design data in the access record is
    related with the logical attribute of PFVL algorithm. The system
   attributes are mapped for converting the attributes to package version
   quality level type file name iteration format. Various data are
   accessed co-operatively by both small user and global user
   networks, using the PFVL algorithm. The browsed data are indicated in
    the display areas and are stored as public libraries in the concerned
   system.
       USE - For design and manufacture of complex electronic modules in
    computer system.
       ADVANTAGE - Provides continuous tracking and creation of data
   models by different users , due to the provision of data libraries.
    Reduces data loading time by preventing the unnecessary data file
   duplication, thereby improves database managing efficiency.
       pp; 401 DwgNo 0/102
Title Terms: DATABASE; MANAGEMENT; CONTROL; SYSTEM; DESIGN; MANUFACTURE;
  COMPLEX; ELECTRONIC; MODULE; SET; ALGORITHM; CONTAIN; SPECIFIC; ATTRIBUTE
  ; SO; DATA; COMPONENT; ACCESS; INDIVIDUAL
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30
File Segment: EPI
34/5/47
             (Item 39 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
013240588
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2000-412462/200035
XRPX Acc No: N00-308281
  Internet-based stock selection system searches and selects stocks
  satisfying search criteria using stored factor data according to
```

algorithm , and outputs selected stocks to user using GUI

Inventor: BI F; LAM F S; SAW S D; WANG Y; XU X; YAN H; ZHOU G G

Number of Countries: 082 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Assignee: BI F (BIFF-I)

Patent Family:

 Patent No
 Kind
 Date
 Applicat No
 Kind
 Date
 Week

 WO 200033212
 A1 20000608
 WO 98CN283
 A 19981201
 200035
 B

 AU 9914316
 A 20000619
 WO 98CN283
 A 19981201
 200044

AU 9914316 A 19981201

Priority Applications (No Type Date): WO 98CN283 A 19981201

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 200033212 A1 E 37 G06F-017/30

Designated States (National): AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW

AU 9914316 A G06F-017/30 Based on patent WO 200033212

Abstract (Basic): WO 200033212 A1

NOVELTY - Several financial indicators are provided to the user and search criteria set by the user for each indicator are received through programmed graphic user interface (GUI). A selector searches and selects the stocks satisfying the search criteria using stored factor data, according to a specific algorithm. The selected stocks are then output to user, through GUI.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The stock selection system comprises at least one computer system. A receiver is provided for receiving the raw stock data from the external stock information sources. The received raw stock data are stored in a database. A preprocessor processes the stored stock data, obtain factor data which are then stored in a file memory or object oriented database. The programmed GUIs for input and output purposes, are provided for the users through the Internet by browser technology. The financial indicators provided for the user, includes factors of company data, valuation ratio, profitability ratio, growth rates, dividends, financial strength, market price and trading volume. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for computerized stock selection method using Internet.

USE - For stock selection using Internet.

ADVANTAGE - The stock selection system allows users to limit the domain of search to the subset of all securities with specifications on stock exchange and industry groups, reliably.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows architecture diagram of stock selection system.

pp; 37 DwgNo 2/9

Title Terms: BASED; STOCK; SELECT; SYSTEM; SEARCH; SELECT; STOCK; SATISFY; SEARCH; CRITERIA; STORAGE; FACTOR; DATA; ACCORD; SPECIFIC; ALGORITHM; OUTPUT; SELECT; STOCK; USER

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI

34/5/48 (Item 40 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

XRPX Acc No: N00-081688

Evaluating confidence in an outcome of fuzzy logic possibilistic system using fuzzy logic to reason from sparse examples or rules by interpolation and extrapolation for use in process control

Patent Assignee: DAAMS J M (DAAM-I); STEWART L S (STEW-I); POSTLINEAR MANAGEMENT INC (POST-N); STROBEL STEWART L (STEW-I); HENDRIKS P (HEND-I); STEWART L R (STEW-I)

Inventor: DAAMS J M; STROBEL S L; STROBEL STEWART L; HENDRIKS P; STEWART L

```
Number of Countries: 085 Number of Patents: 007
Patent Family:
Patent No
                            Applicat No
                                          Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
             Kind
                    Date
             A1 19991229 WO 99CA588 A 19990625
A1 19991225 CA 2242069 A 19980625
                                                          200009 B
WO 9967707
                                                          200023
CA 2242069
                  20000110 AU 9943557
                                           A 19990625
                                                          200025
              Α
AU 9943557
             Al 20010404 EP 99926211
                                           A 19990625
                                                          200120
EP 1088267
                            WO 99CA588
                                           Α
                                               19990625
US 20020023061 A1 20020221 US 2000742335 A 20001222 200221
                                            A 19990625
EP 1088267 B1 20030409
                            EP 99926211
                                                          200325
                            WO 99CA588
                                            Α
                                                19990625
DE 69906734 E
                  20030515
                            DE 606734
                                            Α
                                                19990625
                                                          200340
                            EP 99926211
                                            Α
                                                19990625
                            WO 99CA588
                                            Α
                                                19990625
Priority Applications (No Type Date): CA 2242069 A 19980625
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
             A1 E 147 G06F-009/44
WO 9967707
   Designated States (National): AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU
   CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC
   LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
  TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR
   IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ UG ZW
            A1 E
                      G06F-015/18
CA 2242069
AU 9943557
             Α
                      G06F-009/44
                                    Based on patent WO 9967707
                                    Based on patent WO 9967707
EP 1088267
             A1 E
                      G06F-009/44
   Designated States (Regional): CH DE FR GB LI
                    G06G-007/00
US 20020023061 A1
            B1 E
                     G06F-009/44
                                    Based on patent WO 9967707
EP 1088267
   Designated States (Regional): CH DE FR GB LI
                                    Based on patent EP 1088267
DE 69906734
                      G06F-009/44
            E
                                    Based on patent WO 9967707
Abstract (Basic): WO 9967707 A1
       NOVELTY - An envelope of possibility that encompasses each of the
    possible outcomes resulting from the selected inputs may be
    established. A credibility of an envelope of belief within the envelope
    of possibility is established according to each of the selected inputs.
    The envelope of belief and the envelope of possibility are compared for
    determining confidence in an indicated outcome based on difference
    between the envelopes.
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a
    possibility expert system using a fuzzy logic rule to determine
    an outcome from a set of inputs.
        USE - In using fuzzy logic to reason from sparse examples or rules
   by interpolation and extrapolation for use in process control, and in
    possibilistic expert systems, which assess evidence based on
    materiality and probability to confirm or disconfirm an assertion.
        ADVANTAGE - Provides a solution to the problem in fuzzy logic
    systems in which user rule
                                   input does not match a rule exactly
    for bridging the gap between non-matching rules and rule inputs by
    creating envelopes of possibility for an output. The latter may have
    different shapes and rates of spreading, which may be a function of
                                input and the rule input
    distance between the user
        DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows envelopes of
    possibility.
        pp; 147 DwgNo 23/85
Title Terms: EVALUATE; CONFIDE; FUZZ; LOGIC; SYSTEM; FUZZ; LOGIC; REASON;
  EXAMPLE; RULE; INTERPOLATION; EXTRAPOLATE; PROCESS; CONTROL
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-009/44; G06F-015/18;
  G06G-007/00
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-007/00
File Segment: EPI
```

```
(Item 41 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
             **Image available**
012804662
WPI Acc No: 1999-610892/199952
Related WPI Acc No: 2001-607686
XRPX Acc No: N99-450141
Query result display method for database searching in computer Patent Assignee: DRAGON SYSTEMS INC (DRAG-N)
Inventor: TRUE S D; YOUNG J H
Number of Countries: 020 Number of Patents: 004
Patent Family:
Patent No
                                                             Week ·
             Kind
                     Date
                             Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                   Date
              A1 19991007
                                           Α
WO 9950764
                             WO 99US6989
                                                  19990331
                                                           199952 B
              A
US 6112172
                   20000829
                             US 9852900
                                             Α
                                                  19980331
                                                            200043
                                             Α
EP 1066575
              A1 20010110
                             EP 99915142
                                                  19990331
                                                           200103
                             WO 99US6989
                                             Α
                                                  19990331
JP 2002510090 W
                   20020402 WO 99US6989
                                             Α
                                                  19990331 200225
                             JP 2000541608
                                            Α
                                                  19990331
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9852900 A 19980331
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                      Filing Notes
WO 9950764
              A1 E 38 G06F-017/30
   Designated States (National): JP
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU
  MC NL PT SE
US 6112172
                       G04F-007/00
              Α
EP 1066575
             A1 E
                       G06F-017/30
                                     Based on patent WO 9950764
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE DE ES FR GB IT NL
JP 2002510090 W
                   38 G06F-017/30
                                     Based on patent WO 9950764
Abstract (Basic): WO 9950764 Al
        NOVELTY - The search value of user
                                                 identified speech data
    in the searched file is determined. A bar chart representing the
    relationship between the search value and corresponding display
    modification relative to threshold search value is indicated in the
    interactive \ensuremath{\mathbf{user}} interface. The file sections satisfying the threshold value is indicated.
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Initially the file is searched according to
    set search conditions and accordingly specific areas of interest is
    recognized. The display is modified, by varying the threshold value
    corresponding to specific locations of the bar chart.
        USE - For database searching management in computer used for
    searching video and audio database used in TV broadcasting.
        ADVANTAGE - Eases grasping of overall view of data regarding user
    's interest by providing graphical display. As threshold value of
    data segment is also indicated, enables quick identification and
    desired data . Due to visual indication of location and frequency
    segments, quick modification of query or threshold value is enabled.
    Repeated query and other criteria modification facilitates interactive
    iterative process. By providing quick visual feedback, access speed is
    increased.
        DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flow chart
    explaining the query display result.
        pp; 38 DwgNo 5/10
Title Terms: QUERY; RESULT; DISPLAY; METHOD; DATABASE; SEARCH; COMPUTER
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G04F-007/00; G06F-017/30
```

34/5/50 (Item 42 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012753755 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 1999-559872/199947

XRPX Acc No: N99-413468

Geographical information acquisition system using video, sound, graphic and numerical presentation in multimedia

Patent Assignee: TECHNOLOGY INT INC (TECH-N)
Inventor: BABIN S P; BARNETT K C; HUSSEINY A A
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5945985 A 19990831 US 92966830 A 19921027 199947 B

US 95448112 A 19950522 US 96650838 A 19960520

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96650838 A 19960520; US 92966830 A 19921027; US 95448112 A 19950522

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5945985 A 32 G06F-017/28 Cont of application US 92966830 CIP of application US 95448112

CIP of patent US 5519809

Abstract (Basic): US 5945985 A

NOVELTY - A graphical interface annunciates operating commands, identifying keywords and animating tools, thereby invoking associated protocol. Operating commands buttons specifies preset geographic features, identifying keyword lists, which specify corresponding multimedia information. An animation tool box selects manipulation options to manipulate and animate multimedia geographic maps.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Multimedia geographic information and several identifying attributes are stored in memory. Operating instruction on queries regarding geographic features, multimedia geographic information and identifying data are interfaced with the users. The stored information is simultaneously presented to user in 3D and 2D formats using a virtual display unit. A physical display unit displays a geographic world map. Both the display units are made to operate synchronously, to display multimedia information. A processor invokes specific protocols and generates control signals, for accessing memory to retrieve information demanded by user.

USE - For acquiring geographical information using sound, video, graphics and numerical presentation in multimedia.

ADVANTAGE - Enables remote access of geographic multimedia information in national and international resources. Offers flexible geographic system for easy updating of map, as new information becomes available. Offers an improved system for highlighting specific geographic features on physical map. Enables to learn physical, population, economical and political geography, topography, demography, distribution of natural resources, etc., through computer generated graphical models and maps. Eases access to multimedia geographical information through interactivity by voice to allow the user to navigate geographical information.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the schematic block diagram of interactive multimedia system.

pp; 32 DwgNo 19/19

Title Terms: GEOGRAPHICAL; INFORMATION; ACQUIRE; SYSTEM; VIDEO; SOUND; GRAPHIC; NUMERIC; PRESENT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/28

File Segment: EPI

34/5/51 (Item 43 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012486743 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 1999-292851/199925 Related WPI Acc No: 2001-262233

XRPX Acc No: N99-219433

User interface processing procedure for searching graphical user interface (GUI) of a data processing system using enhancement display graphic device - involves accordingly identifying the information for input into search engine in response to operation of graphical pointing device

```
Patent Assignee: IBM CORP (IBMC ); INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
```

Inventor: KAMPER R J

Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

| Pat | ent No | Kind | Date | Apı | plicat No | Kind | Date | Week | |
|-----|----------|------|----------|-----|-----------|------|----------|--------|---|
| JΡ | 11096193 | А | 19990409 | JP | 98198398 | Α | 19980714 | 199925 | В |
| US | 5982370 | Α | 19991109 | US | 97896476 | Α | 19970718 | 199954 | |
| KR | 99013419 | Α | 19990225 | KR | 9822295 | Α | 19980615 | 200017 | |
| TW | 373142 | А | 19991101 | TW | 98102203 | Α | 19980217 | 200036 | |
| KR | 323969 | В | 20020308 | KR | 9822295 | А | 19980615 | 200262 | |

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97896476 A 19970718

Patent Details:

```
Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes JP 11096193 A 12 G06F-017/30
```

US 5982370 A G06F-003/00 KR 99013419 A G06T-001/00

TW 373142 A G06F-003/00

KR 323969 B G06T-001/00 Previous Publ. patent KR 99013419

Abstract (Basic): JP 11096193 A

NOVELTY - The method involves accordingly identifying information for input into a search engine (38) in response to the operation of a graphical pointing device. The graphical pointing device is converted into a predetermined graphic device which inputs the text of a document without key stroke. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The graphical pointing device controls the graphical pointer on a GUI. The document is displayed on the GUI. The search engine is supported in a data processing system which has the graphical pointing device. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for the enhancement display device for searching user interface designation in a computer system.

USE - For searching GUI of a data processing system using enhancement display graphic device.

ADVANTAGE - Easy to use and offers an intelligible search interface. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure is a block diagram of a computer network showing the connection of a Web client and Web server in a simple internet search system. (38) Search engine.

Dwg.3/14
Title Terms: USER; INTERFACE; PROCESS; PROCEDURE; SEARCH; GRAPHICAL; USER; INTERFACE; DATA; PROCESS; SYSTEM; ENHANCE; DISPLAY; GRAPHIC; DEVICE; ACCORD; IDENTIFY; INFORMATION; INPUT; SEARCH; ENGINE; RESPOND; OPERATE; GRAPHICAL; POINT; DEVICE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-003/00; G06F-017/30;

G06T-001/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-003/00

```
34/5/53 (Item 45 from file: 350)
```

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011945341 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1998-362251/199831
Related WPI Acc No: 2000-038324

XRPX Acc No: N98-282903

Non-hierarchical search and retrieval method for database - involves selecting displayed list-identifiers, and displaying list of search terms associated with selected list identifier

Patent Assignee: COCHRAN N P (COCH-I)

Inventor: COCHRAN N P

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5768581 A 19980616 US 96643942 A 19960507 199831 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96643942 A 19960507

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5768581 A 33 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic): US 5768581 A

The non-hierarchical method for retrieving information from records stored in a computer involves creating list- identifiers which identify a category of information. Lists of search terms are created which correspond to one of the list-identifiers. The list-identifiers are displayed. A list-identifier is selected. The list of search terms associated with the selected list identifier are displayed. A user is enabled to vacate the display of the list of search terms associated with the selected list-identifier, to select a different list-identifier, and to display the associated search terms. One of the search terms from the list of displayed search terms is selected.

Records in a database are searched for which correspond to the selected search term. A subset of records are formed in response to the selected search term. A new series of lists of search terms are created in accordance with the subset of records. A new list-identifier is selected to <code>display</code> the list of search terms associated with the new list-identifier. One

of the search terms is selected, and records corresponding to the list-identifier are searched for within the subset. A further subset of records is formed for the purpose of further searches or retrieval. The current set of records are retrieved from the database at any time following a searching of records, and are displayed.

ADVANTAGE - Efficiently searches large databases. Saves computer resources, and makes searching more accurate and user -friendly.

Dwg.2/10b

Title Terms: NON; HIERARCHY; SEARCH; RETRIEVAL; METHOD; DATABASE; SELECT; DISPLAY; LIST; IDENTIFY; DISPLAY; LIST; SEARCH; TERM; ASSOCIATE; SELECT; LIST; IDENTIFY

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

File Segment: EPI

34/5/54 (Item 46 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011819219 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1998-236129/199821
XRPX Acc No: N98-187242

Database search system for retrieving trademark, place names - displays similar name searched by similar name search unit, based on rule corresponding to input rule number

Patent Assignee: MATSUSHITA DENKI SANGYO KK (MATU)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

unclies. our number of facenes. our

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week 19980317 JP 96230013 199821 B JP 10074205 А Α 19960830 JP 3019780 B2 20000313 JP 96230013 Α 19960830 200017

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 96230013 A 19960830

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 10074205 A 12 G06F-017/30

JP 3019780 B2 12 G06F-017/30 Previous Publ. patent JP 10074205

Abstract (Basic): JP 10074205 A

The system includes an input unit (101) through which a rule number is input by the user. An input -output controller inputs the rule number into a similar name generation unit (104). Subsequently, the user is required to input a name into the input unit. The input-output controller feeds the name into the similar name generation unit that consequently generates all the names that resemble the input name based on the rule corresponding to the input rule number.

A similar number search unit searches the similar name from a name holder (106). The search result is displayed in a display unit (102) through the input-output controller.

ADVANTAGE - Enables searching trademark, place name using ${\bf rule}$ designated by ${\bf user}$.

Dwg.1/12

Title Terms: DATABASE; SEARCH; SYSTEM; RETRIEVAL; PLACE; NAME; DISPLAY; SIMILAR; NAME; SEARCH; SIMILAR; NAME; SEARCH; UNIT; BASED; RULE; CORRESPOND; INPUT; RULE; NUMBER

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

File Segment: EPI

34/5/55 (Item 47 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011713272 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1998-130182/199812

XRPX Acc No: N98-102825

Computer system for constructing formulae for processing medical data - involves user selecting name of time -indexed medical value from displayed list

Patent Assignee: SPACELABS MEDICAL INC (SPAC-N)

Inventor: MARLIN T

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5715451 A 19980203 US 95504703 A 19950720 199812 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 95504703 A 19950720

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5715451 A 17 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic): US 5715451 A

The formula is constructed in a window based environment, for producing a textual patient information string from a selected time—indexed medical data variable having a value for each of a number of times. An input is received via the window-based user interface specifying a period of time during which the medical data variable is to be analyzed. The names of a number of functions capable of aggregating a number of values into a single value are displayed. Input is received that indicates that the user selected the name of a selected function from the displayed function names. Input is then

received specifying a manner of manipulating a single value to produce a textual string conveying patient information.

Based upon all the received inputs, a **formula** is created that **specifies** identifying values of the selected **time** -indexed medical data variable having times within the specified period of **time**. The selected function is applied to the identified values of the selected **time** -indexed medical **data** variable to aggregate the **identified** values into a single value. The single value is manipulated in the specified manner to produce a textual string conveying patient information based on the values of the selected **time** -indexed medical data variable. The formula may be used to generate and **display** a textual string conveying patient information based on the values of the selected **time** -indexed medical data variable.

USE - For viewing and modifying information for a particular patient in a number of different locations simultaneously, automatically collecting data from medical sensors and medical laboratories, and making patient information relatively immutable.

ADVANTAGE - Provides user with intuitive and comprehensive visual interface, allowing user to easily select output parameter for which formula will generate values.

Dwg.11/12

Title Terms: COMPUTER; SYSTEM; CONSTRUCTION; FORMULA; PROCESS; MEDICAL; DATA; USER; SELECT; NAME; TIME; INDEX; MEDICAL; VALUE; DISPLAY; LIST

Derwent Class: S05; T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

(Item 49 from file: 350) 34/5/57 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 011129938 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1997-107862/199710 Related WPI Acc No: 1996-442759 Provision of on-demand movie and related information to user and using source information database - presenting movie to user , then receiving related query from user , determining frame that was being presented when query was issued, and identifying portions of frame related information Patent Assignee: IBM CORP (IBMC); INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC) Inventor: REIMER J A; REINSCH R A Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 002 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5596705 A 19970121 US 95407306 A 19950320 199710 B JP 9037223 Α 19970207 JP 9662754 Α 19960319 199716 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 95407306 A 19950320 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes US 5596705 A 28 G06F-015/00 28 H04N-007/14 JP 9037223 Α Abstract (Basic): US 5596705 A The method for providing on demand access to movie related information while the movie is being continuously presented to a user , where the movie related information includes any of actor, director, character, prop, contract, set, location or other movie related information, comprises presenting the movie to the user in a continuous manner. The presentation of the movie is paused at user determined intervals, and a menu of user query selections is presented . During a pause a query signal representing a query pertaining to the movie is received from the ${\tt user}$. A frame of the movie that was being ${\tt presented}$ to the ${\tt user}$ is determined when the query signal was received. Signal portions of the movie related information relating to the frame are identified , as specified by the query , by extracting from the movie a time code of the frame that was being presented to the user when the query signal was received. The identified portions of the movie related information is retrieved, and is then presented or displayed to the user. Presentation of the movie related information to the user is resumed in a continuous manner. A manager system enables users to create personalized versions of movies, and personalized collections of items. ADVANTAGE - Allows user to create, modify and utilise personalised version of movie. Dwg.1/16 Title Terms: PROVISION; DEMAND; MOVIE; RELATED; INFORMATION; USER; SOURCE ; INFORMATION; DATABASE; PRESENT; MOVIE; USER; RECEIVE; RELATED; QUERY; USER; DETERMINE; FRAME; PRESENT; QUERY; ISSUE; IDENTIFY; PORTION; FRAME; RELATED; INFORMATION Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/00; H04N-007/14 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/00; G06F-017/30 File Segment: EPI

34/5/58 (Item 50 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011079405 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1997-057329/199706 XRPX Acc No: N97-047201

Production scheme monitoring appts - in which detailed information specified by specification part is extracted from data storing part and is displayed on screen of display part

Patent Assignee: CANON KK (CANO)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 8305761 A 19961122 JP 95111971 A 19950510 199706 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 95111971 A 19950510

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 8305761 A 7 G06F-017/60

Abstract (Basic): JP 8305761 A

The appts has a process flow extraction unit (10) which distinguishes a product ID code. The processing data corresponding to the distinguished ID code is extracted from a master data storing part (4) which is then stored in a processing data storing part (13). The processing data storing part compares the processing data with production scheme data corresponding to the process names from a production scheme data storing part (16).

A display part displays the selected production scheme data relating to specific product on a screen. A specification part specifies the detailed information relating to displayed production scheme data. A detailed information display processing part (9) extracts the specified detailed information from the data storing part and displays the extracted detailed information in the display part.

ADVANTAGE - Shortens data searching time and thereby reduces user 's burden. Restrains frequency of scrolling to minimum by performing selection separation on display screen. Performs searching and loading of data according to process flow data corresponding to selected product.

Dwg.6/10

Title Terms: PRODUCE; SCHEME; MONITOR; APPARATUS; DETAIL; INFORMATION; SPECIFIED; SPECIFICATION; PART; EXTRACT; DATA; STORAGE; PART; DISPLAY; SCREEN; DISPLAY; PART

Derwent Class: P56; T01; T05

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60
International Patent Class (Additional): B23Q-041/08

File Segment: EPI; EngPI

34/5/59 (Item 51 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011025820 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1997-003744/199701

XRPX Acc No: N97-003323

Data analysis method for database system - involves registering group rule by which display is carried out from memory, based on user 's input

Patent Assignee: HITACHI LTD (HITA)

Inventor: ISHIBASHI A; KAWASHIMA K; TANIGUCHI Y; YAJIMA H

Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date JP 8272825 A 19961018 JP 95100027 A 19950331 199701 B US 5764975 Α 19980609 US 96623903 A 19960327 199830 JP 3049636 B2 20000605 JP 95100027 Α 19950331 200032

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 95100027 A 19950331

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

Abstract (Basic): JP 8272825 A

The method involves extracting a partial relation between the record items of the database. A record is extracted from the database after evaluating the rules based on the user's indication. The rule similar to the specified rule is formed and displayed. The user also specifies the degree of conformity of the rule with a rule format.

The rules with certain similarity are formed as a group. The rules are registered based on the **user** 's indication. A **rule** selected from a registered rule or a new rule is formed. The similarity between a pair of rules is obtained. A table displays the included relation pair specified by the user.

USE/ADVANTAGE - In fields such as physical experiment and business. Increases utilization efficiency. Secures regularity.

Dwg.1/18

Title Terms: DATA; ANALYSE; METHOD; DATABASE; SYSTEM; REGISTER; GROUP; RULE; DISPLAY; CARRY; MEMORY; BASED; USER; INPUT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

File Segment: EPI

34/5/60 (Item 52 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

010523257 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 1996-020210/199602

Related WPI Acc No: 1991-022355; 1992-292693; 1993-019735; 1993-296667;

1996-091011; 1998-155732; 1998-286280; 1998-322056

XRPX Acc No: N96-016890

Text search system for finding user designated search terms - has character string matching device using codes output from character string storage and search terms to decide term presence in text

Patent Assignee: HITACHI LTD (HITA)

Inventor: KATO K; KAWAGUCHI H; SHINOZAKI M; TADA K; AKIZAWA M; FUJINAWA M;
FUJISAWA H; HATAKEYAMA A; KANEOKA N; MASUZAKI H; MURAKAMI M; OOYAMA M
Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 004
Patent Family:

| Patent No | | Kind | Date | Applicat No | | Kind | Date | Week | |
|-----------|---------|------|----------|-------------|----------|------|----------|--------|---|
| US | 5471610 | Α | 19951128 | US | 90555483 | Α | 19900809 | 199602 | В |
| | | | | US | 92985795 | Α | 19921130 | | |
| | | | | US | 9331625 | A | 19930315 | | |
| US | 5519857 | Α | 19960521 | WO | 90JP774 | Α | 19900614 | 199626 | |
| | | | | US | 90555483 | Α | 19900809 | | |
| | | | | US | 92985795 | Α | 19921130 | | |
| JΡ | 2986865 | B2 | 19991206 | JP | 90193015 | Α | 19900723 | 200003 | |
| JР | 3360308 | B2 | 20021224 | JP | 9263067 | Α | 19920319 | 200304 | |
| | | | | JP | 90193015 | Α | 19900723 | | |

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 92306748 A 19921117; JP 89149630 A 19890614; JP 89188772 A 19890724; JP 89188773 A 19890724; JP 89231567 A 19890908; JP 9263067 A 19920319; JP 92249191 A 19920918

Patent Details:

| Patent No | Kind La | n Pg | Main IPC | Filing Notes |
|------------|---------|------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| US 5471610 | Α | 63 | G06F-017/21 | Div ex application US 90555483 |
| | | | | CIP of application US 92985795 |
| | | | | Div ex patent US 5168533 |
| US 5519857 | Α | 113 | G06F-017/30 | Cont of application WO 90JP774 |
| | | | | Cont of application US 90555483 |
| | | | | Cont of patent US 5168533 |
| JP 2986865 | B2 | 98 | G06F-017/30 | Previous Publ. patent JP 3174652 |
| JP 3360308 | B2 | 22 | G06F-017/30 | Previous Publ. patent JP 5266082 |

Abstract (Basic): US 5471610 A

The system includes character string storage (105) storing a piece of text. A filtering device (3000) fetches character codes from the text read out from the string storage device to output only those character codes that are included in the search terms. A character string matching device (102) matches, en bloc, a string of character codes outputted from the filtering device. The search terms decide whether or not the search terms exist in the string of character codes outputted from the filtering device.

A synchronizing device between the filtering device and the character string matching device buffers differences in processing speed while transferring data from the filtering device to the character string matching device.

ADVANTAGE - Gives high speed matching throughput without use of high speed memory. Provides fast and inexpensive text search.

Dwg.1/38

Title Terms: TEXT; SEARCH; SYSTEM; FINDER; USER; DESIGNATED; SEARCH; TERM; CHARACTER; STRING; MATCH; DEVICE; CODE; OUTPUT; CHARACTER; STRING; STORAGE; SEARCH; TERM; DECIDE; TERM; PRESENCE; TEXT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/21; G06F-017/30

34/5/63 (Item 55 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 007915094 WPI Acc No: 1989-180206/198925 Easy to use automated production dispatch process - analysing revised sequence for orders in progress, passing results to planning system, and re-planning release sequence of orders Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC); IBM CORP (IBMC) Inventor: NATARAJAN B Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 005 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week 198925 B 19890621 EP 88480082 Α 19881122 EP 321375 Α 19890822 198939 BR 8806630 Α 198946 US 4866628 Α 19890912 EP 321375 B1 19960515 EP 88480082 Α 19881122 199624 19881122 199630 DE 3855296 G 19960620 DE 3855296 Α EP 88480082 19881122 Α Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 87135122 A 19871218 Cited Patents: 2.Jnl.Ref; A3...9039; No-SR.Pub; US 4644480; US 4648023 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes EP 321375 A E Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB B1 E 10 G06F-017/00 Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB DE 3855296 G06F-017/00 Based on patent EP 321375 Abstract (Basic): EP 321375 A The dispatch process comprises the steps of monitoring production release and dispatch orders generated by a production planning process. The manufacturing environment subject is simulated to a production disruption based on defined management dispatch criteria to generate an estimate of order tardiness, work-in-process inventory and cycle time The estimate is tested to determine if the estimate is acceptable according to predefined criteria . The user is prompted to define dispatch priorities between minimising order tardiness, minimising work-in-process inventory and minimising manufacturing cycle time . A revised dispatch sequence of dispath orders for the manufacturing environment is then generated. Decision variables generated in the steps of simulating in the database are captured and a response to a user input is achieved

Decision variables generated in the steps of simulating in the database are captured and a response to a **user input** is achieved via the query system to access the decision variables captured in the database. An analysis of tested combinations of the tested alternatives in the production release are then displayed. (8pp Dwg.No.1/4)

Title Terms: EASY; AUTOMATIC; PRODUCE; DISPATCH; PROCESS; ANALYSE; REVISED; SEQUENCE; ORDER; PROGRESS; PASS; RESULT; PLAN; SYSTEM; PLAN; RELEASE; SEQUENCE; ORDER

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-015/20; G06F-017/60

```
Set
       Items Description
              SELECT OR ELECTING? OR CHOOSE OR PICK? OR ELECTS OR ELECT -
S1
            OR DECID? OR DESIGNAT? OR STIPULAT? OR DETERMIN? OR SPECIF?
              FORMULA OR LOGIC OR EXPRESSION? OR SCHEME? OR TECHNIQUE? OR
S2
             SYSTEM? ? OR ALGORITHM? OR RULE? OR SQL() (STATEMENT? OR FORM-
            ULA?)
              PROGRAMMED OR PROGRAMMING OR PROGRAMS OR IN-
s3
       19088
            STRUCTION? OR DEFINING OR INPUT OR "IN"() PUT
       72637 USER? OR CONSUMER? OR BUYER? OR PURCHASER? OR SHOPPER? OR -
S4
            CUSTOMER? OR BROWSER? OR SUBSCRIBER? OR CLIENT? OR PATRON?
S5
              SEARCH? OR QUER? OR SEEK? OR PURSU? OR MATCH? OF FIND? OR -
            LOOK?
       32526
              CRITERIA OR STANDARD? OR RULE? OR TEST? OR MARK? ? OR GAUGE
S6
             OR BENCHMARK?
              (IDENTIF? OR RECOGNIZ? OR DISTINGUISH?) (5N) (DATA OR INFORM-
$7
         589
            ATION)
S8
       12287 PRESENT? OR DISPLAY? OR DISCLOS? OR DIVULG?
S 9
       22370
               INTERVAL? OR TIME OR FREQUENC? OR DURATION?
S10
         349 INTERVENTION? OR INTERFERING OR INTRUDING OR (FURTHER OR A-
            DDITIONAL) () (ACTION OR INPUT)
        1195 S1 (3N) S2
S11
          21 S11 AND (S3 (3N) S4)
S12
          65 S11 AND (S4 (3N) S6)
S13
          20 S7 (5N) S5
S14
          14 S7 AND S8 AND S4 AND S9
S15
           0 S4 AND (("NOT" OR NON)()S10)
S16
S17
           0 S13 AND S14 AND S15
           0 S13 AND S14
S18
           0 S13 AND S15
S19
           0 S14 AND S15
S20
              S12 AND S13
S21
           1
              S11 AND S14
S22
           1
               S11 AND S15
S23
           1
S24
           3
               S21 OR S22 OR S23
S25
           2
               S24 NOT PY>1998
              S25 NOT PD>19981215
           2
$26
File 256:SoftBase:Reviews,Companies&Prods. 82-2003/Nov
```

(c) 2003 Info. Sources Inc

26/5/1

DIALOG(R) File 256:SoftBase:Reviews,Companies&Prods. (c) 2003 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

01557269 DOCUMENT TYPE: Product

PRODUCT NAME: Detector (557269)

Computer Associates International Inc (081957)

1 Computer Associates Plaza

Islandia, NY 11749 United States

TELEPHONE: (631) 342-6000

RECORD TYPE: Directory

CONTACT: Sales Department

Detector identifies the applications and SQL statements that are the most resource-intensive and heavily used. After identifying these problem resources, administrators can focus tuning efforts on areas that can yield the largest performance gains. Detector provides data at levels of detail that are the most helpful in solving performance problems from the plan, DBRM, and package level, and down to the individual SQL statement level. It requires minimal overhead since it does not use SQL performance traces in DB2 to collect performance data . DBAs can identify all SQL statements that are causing performance problems anywhere in a DB2 shop. Detector enables DBAs to know which DB2 applications are consuming the majority of the DB2 CPU resources over time by collecting performance data. It reduces the time required to identify performance problems; users can analyze data from a variety of angles at various levels of granularity and then focus their tuning efforts. Detector decreases development time by providing real- time analysis of application performance. It allows a DB2 shop to determine which SQL statements need to be tuned first. It also permits flexibility, as it can be used alone or to complement a traditional performance monitor. Detector displays the most expensive SQL statements using any DB2 resources for PeopleSoft, SAP R/3, or other third-party applications. It also locates all expensive DB2 SQL hiding anywhere in these applications.

DESCRIPTORS: Data Center Operations; Database Utilities; Network Administration; Network Software; Software Testing; System Performance

HARDWARE: IBM Mainframe

OPERATING SYSTEM: DB2; MVS; MVS/ESA; TSO

PROGRAM LANGUAGES: SQL
TYPE OF PRODUCT: Mainframe

TYPE OF PRODUCT: Mainframe
POTENTIAL USERS: DB2 Database Administrators

DATE OF RELEASE: 11/1994
PRICE: Available upon request

DOCUMENTATION AVAILABLE: Included with package

TRAINING AVAILABLE: Technical support

REVISION DATE: 20010430

26/5/2

DIALOG(R) File 256: SoftBase: Reviews, Companies & Prods. (c) 2003 Info. Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00104723 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: Scenario 1.0 Windows 95 & NT (663441)

TITLE: Mine Your Data for Statistical Gems

AUTHOR: Gilliland, Steve

SOURCE: Computer Shopper, v17 n10 p474(1) Oct 1997

ISSN: 0886-0556

HOMEPAGE: http://www.computershopper.com

RECORD TYPE: Review REVIEW TYPE: Review

GRADE: A

Cognos' Scenario 1.0, a robust statistical tool with features generally available only to those with a statistician on board and a huge software budget, is called data mining software. This type of program can look into huge amounts of data and apply recognized statistical methods to find otherwise unnoticed but useful information. Scenario is very different than most competing products, in its pricing and its real ease of use. Any user who can take the time to practice for a few hours with Scenario can learn to use it with aplomb. Using information in an organization's databases, users can produce a line graph and a tree view. Both show the facets of the data that influence the trend of a target analysis, in descending order of importance. The target can be sales, profit, advertising, costs, or any other type of data in a company's, customer's, or any combination of databases. In graph and tree views, users can see many statistical values, including sample size, standard deviation, and outliers. They can drill-down into data. Scenario uses a form of the regressive Chi-Squared Automatic Interaction Detection algorithm . Users choose a target column or dependent variable, and also choose an analysis strategy to verify the precision and dependability of Scenario's conclusions.

PRICE: \$695

COMPANY NAME: Cognos Inc (027294) SPECIAL FEATURE: Screen Layouts Charts

DESCRIPTORS: Database Utilities; IBM PC & Compatibles; Information Retrieval; Pattern Recognition; Statistics; Windows; Windows NT/2000

REVISION DATE: 20030221

```
Description
       Items
Set
               SELECT OR ELECTING? OR CHOOSE OR PICK? OR ELECTS OR ELECT -
S1
      4933624
            OR DECID? OR DESIGNAT? OR STIPULAT? OR DETERMIN? OR SPECIF?
               FORMULA OR LOGIC OR EXPRESSION? OR SCHEME? OR TECHNIQUE? OR
S2
     12579671
             SYSTEM? ? OR ALGORITHM? OR RULE? OR SQL()(STATEMENT? OR FORM-
            ULA?)
               PROGRAMMED OR PROGRAMMING OR PROGRAMMING OR PROGRAMS OR IN-
     1912700
s3
            STRUCTION? OR DEFINING OR INPUT OR "IN"() PUT
               USER? OR CONSUMER? OR BUYER? OR PURCHASER? OR SHOPPER? OR -
     1404953
S4
            CUSTOMER? OR BROWSER? OR SUBSCRIBER? OR CLIENT? OR PATRON?
               SEARCH? OR QUER? OR SEEK? OR PURSU? OR MATCH? OF FIND? OR -
S5
      989720
            LOOK?
               CRITERIA OR STANDARD? OR RULE? OR TEST? OR MARK? ? OR GAUGE
S6
      5463271
             OR BENCHMARK?
               (IDENTIF? OR RECOGNIZ? OR DISTINGUISH?) (5N) (DATA OR INFORM-
       60570
s7
            ATION)
S8
      5660667
               PRESENT? OR DISPLAY? OR DISCLOS? OR DIVULG?
S9
      5121357
               INTERVAL? OR TIME OR FREQUENC? OR DURATION?
               INTERVENTION? OR INTERFERING OR INTRUDING OR (FURTHER OR A-
S10
      111769
            DDITIONAL) () (ACTION OR INPUT)
      311594
               S1 (3N) S2
S11
         844
               S11 AND (S3 (3N) S4)
S12
         885
               S11 AND (S4 (3N) S6)
S13
         869
               S7 (5N) S5
S14
         560
               S7 AND S8 AND S4 AND S9
S15
               S4 (3N) (("NO" OR NON)()S10)
S16
          20
               S4 AND (("NO" OR NON)()S10)
          98
S17
           0
               S13 AND S14 AND S15
S18
           0
               S13 AND S14
S19
               S13 AND S15
S20
          0
S21
          0
               S13 AND S16
S22
         14
               S14 AND S15
S23
          0 S14 AND S17
         56 S12 AND S13
S24
          0 S12 AND S14
S25
               S13 AND S15
$26
          0
S27
          0
               S13 AND S17
         27
               S17 AND S9
S28
S29
          18
               S24 AND S9
          76
               S16 OR S22 OR S28 OR S29
S30
               S30 NOT PY>1998
S31
          51
               S31 NOT PD>19981215
          51
S32
$33
          43
               RD (unique items)
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/Nov W5
File
         (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Oct
File
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 103: Energy SciTec 1974-2003/Nov B2
         (c) 2003 Contains copyrighted material
File 202:Info. Sci. & Tech. Abs. 1966-2003/Nov 17
         (c) 2003 EBSCO Publishing
File
     65:Inside Conferences 1993-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File
       2:INSPEC 1969-2003/Nov W5
         (c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File 233: Internet & Personal Comp. Abs. 1981-2003/Jul
         (c) 2003, EBSCO Pub.
     94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File 438:Library Lit. & Info. Science 1984-2003/Oct
         (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co
File
     99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2003/Oct
         (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co.
File 95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2003/Nov W4
         (c) 2003 FIZ TECHNIK
File 583: Gale Group Globalbase (TM) 1986-2002/Dec 13
         (c) 2002 The Gale Group
```

DIALOG(R) File 8: Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP99034604160 Title: Design of a computer-aided modeling system: a case study Author: Lotko, John XII; Bzymek, Zbigniew M.; Garrett, Richard E.; Billatos, Samir B. Corporate Source: Univ of Connecticut Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1998 ASME International Mechanical Engineering Congress and Exposition Conference CA, USA Location: Anaheim, Conference 19981115-19981120 Sponsor: ASME E.I. Conference No.: 49584 Source: Applications of Design for Manufacturing American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Design Engineering Division (Publication) DE v 99 1998. ASME, Fairfield, NJ, USA. p 79-91 Publication Year: 1998 CODEN: AMEDEH Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) freatment: T; (Theoretical) Journal Announcement: 9905W2 Abstract: This paper describes a computer algorithm capable of seamlessly transforming a Cadkey part into tool paths that can produce a model using a Computer-Aided Modeling (CAM) machine. This was accomplished utilizing rules based on known machining practices developed in conjunction with Cadkey and Cutting Edge designers. The rules used for designing this software consist of fundamental principles of machining. In the conventional approach, these are the rules that are supplied by the designer and applied to the problem using a programs such as Cutting Edge. The basic set of rules and the oraginal Computer-Aided Design (CAD) design were sufficient to create the needed tool paths with the user 's time and input replaced by a compyter algorithm. A developed computer algorithm is much less flexible, but significantly quiaker than a designer, so where applicable more robust rules which required graater time or iterations were chosen. The algorithm is general but can be applied to any CAD system . However, the specific design work was pertormed with Cadkey as the target low cost system and a Roland desk-top Computer-Aided Modeling Machine (CAMM-3) as the target cutting device. All assumpti δ ns made for this test case were based on the criteria of user 's convenience and economy. All the tests performed proved that the algorithm works and is capable of adding one more output device - a cutter as an output system. (Author abstract) 14 Refs. Descriptors: *Computer aided design; Computer simulation; Algorithms; Software engineering; Machining Identifiers: Computer aided modeling machine; Software Package cutting edge Classification Codes: 723.5 (Computer Applications); 723.1 (Computer Programming); 604.2 (Machining Operations) 723 (Computer Software); 604 (Metal Cutting & Machining) 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 60 (MECHANICAL ENGINEERING) 33/5/4 (Item 4 from file: 8) DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP96083292227 04478024 Title: Time Warner cable's full service network - program management of the FSN virtual organization Author: Whitehead, Susan T.; Peterson, Annette N. Corporate Source: Time Warner Cable/US West, Englewood, CO, USA Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1996 2nd International Workshop on Community Networking Conference Location: Princeton, NJ, USA Conference Date:

(Item 1 from file: 8)

33/5/1

19950620-19950622 Sponsor: IEEE; ACM SIGCOMM E.I. Conference No.: 45173 Source: International Workshop on Community Networking, Proceedings 1995. IEEE, Piscataway, NJ, USA, 95TH8097. p 291-298 Publication Year: 1995 CODEN: 002409 Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); G ; (General Review) Journal Announcement: 9610W3 Abstract: When Time Warner chose to pursue its vision of the information superhighway, it was well recognized that this endeavor was a technological undertaking of dramatic proportions. Acknowledging that no one company could solely deliver the multitude of required technologies, Time Warner created a 'virtual organization' of key technology providers. This paper analyzes the challenges and rewards of Program Management within this virtual organization, and presents innovatively adapted Program Management techniques that enabled this program's success. (Author abstract) 6 Refs. Descriptors: Information technology; Broadband networks; Interactive computer systems; Information services; Information management; Real time systems; Computer software; Interfaces (computer); Remote control; Fiber optic networks Identifiers: Full service network; Program network; Information superhighway; Virtual organization; Interactive broadband network; Custom connection management software; Consumer navigational interface software; Multimedia applications Classification Codes: 723.5 (Computer Applications); 722.4 (Digital Computers & Systems); 903.2 (Information Dissemination); 722.2 (Computer Peripheral Equipment); 731.1 (Control Systems) 723 (Computer Software); 903 (Information Science); 722 (Computer Hardware); 731 (Automatic Control Principles) 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 90 (GENERAL ENGINEERING); 73 (CONTROL ENGINEERING) (Item 5 from file: 8) DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP96063221532 Title: Helping users program their personal agents Author: Terveen, Loren G.; Murray, La Tondra Corporate Source: AT&T Bell Lab, Murray Hill, NJ, USA Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1996 Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems, CHI 96 Conference Location: Vancouver, BC, Can Conference 19960413-19960418 E.I. Conference No.: 44819 Source: Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems - Proceedings 1996. ACM, New York, NY, USA. p 355-361 Publication Year: 1996 CODEN: 002163 Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: T; (Theoretical) Journal Announcement: 9608W3

Journal Announcement: 9608W3

Abstract: Software agents are computer programs that act on behalf of users to perform routine, tedious, and time -consuming tasks. To be useful to an individual user, an agent must be personalized to his or her goals, habits, and preferences. We have created an end- user programming system that makes it easy for users to state rules for their agents to follow. The main advance over previous approaches is that the system automatically determines conflicts between rules and guides users in resolving the conflicts. Thus, user and system collaborate in developing and managing a set of rules that embody the user's preferences for

handling a wide variety of situations. (Author abstract) 16 Refs. Descriptors: *Computer programming; Human computer interaction; Graphical user interfaces; Artificial intelligence; Man machine systems Identifiers: Personal agents; End user programming; Intelligent systems Classification Codes: 723.1 (Computer Programming); 722.2 (Computer Peripheral Equipment); 723.4 (Artificial Intelligence) 723 (Computer Software); 722 (Computer Hardware) 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING) (Item 9 from file: 8) 33/5/9 DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. Monthly No: EI9205058817 03420216 Title: Case study. Using ITS style tools to implement IBM's CUA-2 user interface style. Jacob P.; Gould, John D.; Boies, Stephen J.; Wiecha, Author: Ukelson, Charles Corporate Source: IBM Research, Yorktown Heights, NY, USA Source: Software - Practice and Experience v 21 n 12 Dec 1991 p 1265-1288 Publication Year: 1991 ISSN: 0038-0644 CODEN: SPEXBL Language: English Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); X; (Experimental) Journal Announcement: 9205 Abstract: In an empirical case study of software tools, two participants used the ITS style designer's language to implement a general purpose, executable, rule -based user interface style. This language allows style desingers to select , combine and modify rule prototypes in order to construct a rule -based user interface style. The participants implemented the entire IBM CUA-2 user interface style, plus nine additional human-computer interaction techniques, in 5-7 person-weeks. This is impressive productivity. Typically the time to complete a single CUA-2 application is measured in person-years, not person-weeks. The style implemented here is reusable by any ITS-implemented application. The achievement reported here shows that about half the work of all ITS-implemented CUA-2 applications have been completed in a few person-weeks. This result demonstrates the power and productivity of the ITS approach and tools. The results of this case study showed that key ?ready-mades' (e.g. named attribute groups) provided in the style designer's toolkit could be used intact, which is importing or exporting interaction techniques from one style to another style. The results generalize to other computer-literate designers who may want to use these tools to create other user interface styles. (Author abstract) 19 Refs. Descriptors: *COMPUTER SOFTWARE--*Design; COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES; COMPUTER SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING--Productivity Identifiers: IBM CUA-2 USER INTERFACE; ITS COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE Classification Codes: 723 (Computer Software) 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING) (Item 10 from file: 8) 33/5/10 DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. Monthly No: EI9112149085 03348260 identification on logarithmic frequency Title: Parametric system response data . Author: Sidman, Michael D.; DeAngelis, Franco E.; Verghese, George C.

Corporate Source: Digital Equipment Corp, Colorado Springs, CO, USA Source: IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control v 36 n 9 Sep 1991 p

1065-1070

Publication Year: 1991

CODEN: IETAA9 ISSN: 0018-9286

Language: English

Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: T; (Theoretical)

Journal Announcement: 9112

Abstract: Gradient search methods that fit the parameters of a user -defined transfer function to experimental logarithmic frequency response data are presented. The methods match a model based on physically significant parameters, including natural frequencies of poles and zeros and damping ratios of complex poles and zeros. The algorithms construct and utilize their own analytical gradient descent functions, based on the desired model. One method attempts to fit both log magnitude and phase, while another identifies a minimum phase transfer function model from only log magnitude frequency response data. The log magnitude algorithm is shown to be superior to traditional methods using non-logarithmic frequency response data, including those used in commercially available frequency response analyzers. The algorithms are shown to perform well, especially for systems with lightly-damped dynamics. 21 Refs.

Descriptors: *CONTROL SYSTEMS--*Mathematical Models; CONTROL SYSTEMS-Identification; MATHEMATICAL TECHNIQUES--Poles and Zeros; MATHEMATICAL
TECHNIQUES--Transfer Functions; MATHEMATICAL TECHNIQUES--Algorithms

Identifiers: PARAMETRIC SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION; LOGARITHMIC FREQUENCY RESPONSE DATA; GRADIENT SEARCH METHODS; POLE/ZERO NATURAL FREQUENCIES; COMPLEX POLE/ZERO DAMPING RATIOS; MINIMUM PHASE TRANSFER FUNCTION MODEL Classification Codes:

731 (Automatic Control Principles); 921 (Applied Mathematics)

73 (CONTROL ENGINEERING); 92 (ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS)

33/5/15 (Item 15 from file: 8)

DIALOG(R) File 8: Ei Compendex(R)

(c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

02108477 E.I. Monthly No: EIM8608-051046

Title: PROCEEDINGS - COMPSAC 85: THE IEEE COMPUTER SOCIETY'S NINTH INTERNATIONAL COMPUTER SOFTWARE & APPLICATIONS CONFERENCE.

Author: Anon

Conference Title: Proceedings - COMPSAC 85: The IEEE Computer Society's Ninth International Computer Software & Applications Conference.

Conference Location: Chicago, IL, USA Conference Date: 19851009

Sponsor: IEEE Computer Soc, Los Alamitos, CA, USA

E.I. Conference No.: 08025

Source: Proceedings - IEEE Computer Society's International Computer Software & Applications Conference 9th. Publ by IEEE, New York, NY, USA. Available from IEEE Service Cent (Cat n 85CH2221-0), Piscataway, NJ, USA 528p

Publication Year: 1985

CODEN: PSICD2 ISBN: 0-8186-0643-6

Language: English

Document Type: CP; (Conference Proceedings)

Journal Announcement: 8608

Abstract: The following topics are dealt with: quality analysis; specification techniques; new technologies; expert system design; software metrics; software design; database techniques; real-time systems; reliability and quality assurance; software engineering management; knowledge-based applications; software testing; expert programming user interface; and fault-tolerant software. 61 papers were presented, all of which are published in full in the present proceedings. 8 panel sessions are also included.

Descriptors: COMPUTER SOFTWARE--*Software Engineering; ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE--Expert Systems; DATABASE SYSTEMS; COMPUTER SYSTEMS, DIGITAL--Real time Operation; COMPUTER INTERFACES

Identifiers: SOFTWARE DESIGN/DEVELOPMENT; FAULT-TOLERANT SOFTWARE; KNOWLEDGE-BASED APPLICATIONS; USER INTERFACES; EIREV

Classification Codes:

723 (Computer Software); 722 (Computer Hardware)

33/5/16 (Item 16 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

01893838 E.I. Monthly No: EIM8509-055344

Title: QUERY PROCESSING IN A DISTRIBUTED DATA BASE.

Author: Jantz, Diane; Unger, E. A.; McBride, R.; Slonim, Jacob

Corporate Source: United Information Services

Conference Title: 1983 ACM Conference on Personal and Small Computers.

Conference Location: San Diego, CA, USA Conference Date: 19831207

Sponsor: ACM, Special Interest Group on Personal Computing, New York, NY, USA; ACM, Special Interest Group on Small Computing Systems & Applications, New York, NY, USA

E.I. Conference No.: 05324

Source: SIGPC Notes (ACM Special Interest Group on Personal Computing) v 6 n 2. Publ by ACM, New York, NY, USA. Available from ACM (Order n 609830), Baltimore, MD, USA p 237-244

Publication Year: 1983

CODEN: SPCNDH ISBN: 0-89791-123-7

Language: English

Document Type: PA; (Conference Paper)

Journal Announcement: 8509

Abstract: The current research on optimizing algorithms for queries in distributed data base networks is presented. An identification of additional factors which add cost and time to processing of a query both at a node and in the transporting of data along a link in the network is given. The idea of a user topology is presented as the basis for a query optimization algorithm and the effects of a user 's query constraints on the user topology are illustrated. With the influencing factors on a query request identified, a model of query processing is described. 32 refs.

Descriptors: *DATABASE SYSTEMS--*Distributed; COMPUTER NETWORKS Identifiers: USER TOPOLOGY; RETRIEVAL STRATEGY; QUERY CONSTRAINT TUPLE; ALGORITHM OPTIMIZATION; LOCAL PROCESSING RESOURCES; TEMPORAL PROFILES Classification Codes:

723 (Computer Software); 722 (Computer Hardware)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

33/5/21 (Item 4 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01353704 ORDER NO: AAD94-12548

A NEW, NON-INTRUSIVE ARCHITECTURE FOR SOFTWARE MONITORING OF MICROPROCESSOR-BASED SYSTEMS

Author: JUNDI, KHALED M.

Degree: PH.D. Year: 1993

Corporate Source/Institution: UNIVERSITY OF DAYTON (0327)

Adviser: D. MOON

Source: VOLUME 54/12-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 6374. 171 PAGES

Descriptors: ENGINEERING, ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICAL

Descriptor Codes: 0544

The increasing complexity of today's processors has presented a tough challenge to real- time software development and debugging. One of the challenges for real- time system developers is to determine how to monitor internal machine states that are not directly accessible via input/output pins. The status of internal pipelines, synchronization sequences, and general-purpose registers are often hidden from the user, but are needed for locating and debugging software problems. The principle objective of this study is to define a new architecture for a passive, non-intrusive

intervention software monitor which has the capability to ensure no with the execution of a target system, while providing a comprehensive execution history that can be used in a real-time testing and debugging environment. The study presents a new, simple, and effective technique that can be used for non-intrusive, real- time monitoring of software code running on a target processor that incorporates off-chip memory caches in the design. The technique is based on the concept of inductive monitoring where certain buses and control signals are assumed to be directly available for the defined monitoring system. The MIPS R3000 RISC-based processor is used as the target processor to be monitored. A description of the hardware architecture, its operation, and a simulation/emulation of the monitoring technique will be presented and how it can be used to improve the capability to perform real- time monitoring of software code without affecting the operation of the target system. The study will also introduce another conceptual monitoring technique based on deductive monitoring where real- time monitoring of processors incorporating on-chip memory resources might be accomplished. The study will propose a combined architecture for a monitoring system that is based on inductive and deductive monitoring concepts as a fruitful and future research area.

```
Description
Set
       Items
     6579303
               SELECT OR ELECTING? OR CHOOSE OR PICK? OR ELECTS OR ELECT -
s1
            OR DECID? OR DESIGNAT? OR STIPULAT? OR DETERMIN? OR SPECIF?
               FORMULA OR LOGIC OR EXPRESSION? OR SCHEME? OR TECHNIQUE? OR
S2
    10296698
             SYSTEM? ? OR ALGORITHM? OR RULE? OR SQL() (STATEMENT? OR FORM-
      3615294
               PROGRAMMED OR PROGRAMMING OR PROGRAMS OR IN-
s3
            STRUCTION? OR DEFINING OR INPUT OR "IN"() PUT
              USER? OR CONSUMER? OR BUYER? OR PURCHASER? OR SHOPPER? OR -
     9504083
S4
            CUSTOMER? OR BROWSER? OR SUBSCRIBER? OR CLIENT? OR PATRON?
S5
     6765446
              SEARCH? OR QUER? OR SEEK? OR PURSU? OR MATCH? OF FIND? OR -
            LOOK?
      7560677
               CRITERIA OR STANDARD? OR RULE? OR TEST? OR MARK? ? OR GAUGE
S6
             OR BENCHMARK?
      134486
               (IDENTIF? OR RECOGNIZ? OR DISTINGUISH?) (5N) (DATA OR INFORM-
s7
            ATION)
S8
     4766593
               PRESENT? OR DISPLAY? OR DISCLOS? OR DIVULG?
S 9
      7620093
               INTERVAL? OR TIME OR FREQUENC? OR DURATION?
               INTERVENTION? OR INTERFERING OR INTRUDING OR (FURTHER OR A-
      287769
S10
            DDITIONAL) () (ACTION OR INPUT)
      294148 S1 (3N) S2
S11
        1112 S11 (S) (S3 (3N) S4)
S12
        3364 S11 (S) (S4 (3N) S6)
S13
S14
        4303 S7 (5N) S5
         809 S7 (S) S8 (S) S4 (S) S9
S15
         132 S4 (3N) (("NO" OR NON)()S10)
S16
S17
           0 S13 (S) S14 (S) S15
           0 S13 (S) S14
S18
               S13 (S) S15
S19
          1
               S13 (S) S16
S20
          0
         37
               S14 (S) S15
S21
          0 S14 (S) S16
S22
S23
         89 S12 (S) S13
$24
          0 S12 (S) S14
               S12 (S) S15
S25
          2
               S12 (S) S16
S26
           0
               S13 (S) S15
S27
           1
           0
               S13 (S) S16
S28
          24
               S16 (S) S9
S29
S30
           0
               S16 (S) S11
           1
               S23 (S) S15
S31
S32
         151
               S19 OR S21 OR S23 OR S25 OR S27 OR S29 OR S31
          76
               S32 NOT PY>1998
S33
               S33 NOT PD>19981215
S34
          73
S35
          67
               RD (unique items)
File 15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2003/Dec 12
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 810:Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28
         (c) 1999 Business Wire
File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 CMP Media, LLC
File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2003/Dec 11
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 IDG Communications
File 696: DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2003/Dec 11
         (c) 2003 The Dialog Corp.
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2003/Dec 11
         (c) 2003 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2003/Dec 11
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2003/Nov W5
         (c) 2003 ProQuest
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2003/Dec 12
         (c) 2003 PR Newswire Association Inc
```

File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2003/Dec 11

(c) 2003 The Gale Group

File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989

(c) 1999 The Gale Group

File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText 1982-2003/Oct

(c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co

(Item 1 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R) File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

02374081 115925209

Strategic scanning and interpretation revisiting: foundations for a software agent support system - Part 2: scanning the business environment with software agents

Liu, Shuhua

Industrial Management + Data Systems v98n8 PP: 362-372 1998

ISSN: 0263-5577 JRNL CODE: IDS

WORD COUNT: 6926

 \dots TEXT: disparate streams of information from multiple distributed resources in order to respond to a specific request from users with relevant, synthesized results; to be able to answer queries that require logical or heuristic deductions or induction, or require numerical computation using algorithmic models. Agents present a single user interface to multiple information media (e.g. real-time newswires, online databases, field intelligence, and corporate computing resources). Agents can support users not only in searching and filtering information, also categorization, attention prioritization, annotation, but collaborative sharing and understanding, as well as selective dissemination. Agents can remain active all the time to periodically visit the information sources, to monitor information, to look for trends, to identify new information, to extract relevant data, to fuse the information with other relevant data, and to distribute the results to its user . The monitored information can be updated automatically as often as necessary. In this way an agent increases the user 's current awareness of new leads and ensures that information for the user is updated automatically as often as necessary. This is becoming an invaluable service as such tasks would...

35/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01638873 02-89862

Ready, set, go

Karmarkar, Vikram; Armitage, Grenville Telephony v234n20 PP: 98-104 May 18, 1998

ISSN: 0040-2656 JRNL CODE: TPH

WORD COUNT: 2093

...TEXT: knows not just where to send them but also how and when. The how and when are determined by rules requested by the customer and programmed into the routing system by the service provider.

Customers also may request rules that prevent the network...

35/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01597397 02-48386

The 1998 strategist's guide to software

Baker, Sunny; Baker, Kim

Journal of Business Strategy v19n1 PP: 39-51 Jan/Feb 1998

ISSN: 0275-6668 JRNL CODE: JST

WORD COUNT: 4326

...TEXT: Change supports more than 1,000 products, so chances are good it will support those you use. Time -consuming updates to giant files are best done after work. The company claims that latest version can automatically update with no intervention from users . (We didn't test this.) It's helpful to have a fast modem, ISDN hookup, or fast...

35/3,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01246378 98-95773

Factors important to expert systems success: A field test Guimaraes, Tor; Yoon, Youngohc; Clevenson, Aaron Information & Management v30n3 PP: 119-130 Jun 1996 ISSN: 0378-7206 JRNL CODE: IFM

ABSTRACT: Some important determinants for expert systems (ES) implementation success are field tested. User satisfaction is used as the surrogate of ES success, affording some basis for inter-study comparison. To...

... determinants of ES success. One of the most important factors is increasing system usage by establishing end- user training programs which desensitize the potential user community to ES technology and demonstrate its potential as a business tool...

35/3,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01225929 98-75324

SAM 4.0 provides power, simplicity and automatic on-line updates DeLisio, Fred
InfoWorld v18n17 PP: 113 Apr 22, 1996

ISSN: 0199-6649 JRNL CODE: IFW

WORD COUNT: 439

...TEXT: resource and data definitions for new viruses that surface. Now all that can be handled automatically with **no intervention** from the **user**. But it also means that apart from choosing when to connect for updates or scheduling updates to happen automatically at daily, weekly, or monthly **intervals**, you basically never have to think about updating your virus database again.

Anyone who has had to...

35/3,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00798062 94-47454

SQL access opening up the DB world

Irani, Cyrus

Computer Technology Review v13n13 PP: 18 Nov 1993

ISSN: 0278-9647 JRNL CODE: CTN

WORD COUNT: 659

...ABSTRACT: client-server area, there has been a dearth of standards and specifications addressing the area of database client -server openness. The Standard Query Language (SQL) Access Group, in conjunction with X/Open, has published specifications in 3 major areas: 1. the remote database access format and protocol, 2. the client application programming interface (API), and 3. the SQL used to access the database. The SQL Access remote database access...

...XPG Preliminary Stage, is mainly intended for application or tools ISVs, but also includes system vendors and system integrators. The SQL

'specification has 2 parts: 1. the language, and 2. an embedded interface. The SQL Access SQL specification is...

35/3,K/13 (Item 13 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00780614 94-30006

Information delivery: Identifying priorities, performance, and value Broadbent, Marianne; Lofgren, Hans

Information Processing & Management v29n6 PP: 683-701 Nov-Dec 1993 ISSN: 0306-4573 JRNL CODE: IPM

...ABSTRACT: organization of the information services provided. Traditional evaluation techniques provide indicators of operational efficiency and improvements over time. However, these need to be complemented by techniques that seek to identify the benefits of those information services to the organization in terms of having meaning to both managers and users. Two techniques are presented that bridge the gap between those used by senior managers and those with which ISU managers have...

 \dots and found to make an effective contribution to evaluating library and information services in terms understood by **users**, management, and the provider group. \dots

35/3,K/15 (Item 15 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00547592 91-21937

Developing Concert for Open, Integrated Network Management

Willetts, Keith

Telecommunications (International Edition) v25n3 PP: 73-81 Mar 1991 JRNL CODE: TIE WORD COUNT: 2733

...TEXT: into new systems and services, providers are able to react swiftly to technical developments and changes in **customer** requirements. By **defining standard techniques** and **specifications** to be used company wide, organizations such as BT can optlmize the value of their investment in...

35/3,K/17 (Item 17 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00416222 88-33055

The POSTGRES Rule Manager

Stonebraker, Michael; Hanson, Eric N.; Potamianos, Spyros IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering v14n7 PP: 897-907 Jul 1988 ISSN: 0098-5589 JRNL CODE: ISO

...ABSTRACT: the POSTGRES database management system (DBMS). The rule system is novel in several ways. First, it gives users the capability of defining rules as well as data to a DBMS. Second, depending on the scope of each rule defined...

... In addition, rules provide either a forward chaining control flow or a backward chaining one, and the **system** will **select** the control mechanism that optimizes performance wherever possible. Furthermore, priority rules can be defined, thereby permitting a **user** to **specify rule systems** that have conflicts. Finally, the rule system can provide database services, such as views, protection, integrity constraints...

35/3,K/22 (Item 1 from file: 647)
DIALOG(R)File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext
(c) 2003 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

01068979 CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: CRN19951113S0078

C/S SOLUTION ADVISOR SOFTWARE TOOL WORKS WITHIN A NETWORK - Interpose Helps Vars Cost-Justify (Weekly Briefs)

MONICA YOUNG

COMPUTER RESELLER NEWS, 1995, n 658, PG105

PUBLICATION DATE: 951113

JOURNAL CODE: CRN LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

SECTION HEADING: Enterprise Networking

WORD COUNT: 370

... quickly assess customers' requirements and come up with appropriate solutions on-site.

Product Expert employs network discovery techniques to determine the hardware, software and capacity on a client/server network. The software uses this data, along with cost, growth and additional criteria input by the user, and applies it to market metrics to produce cost-of-ownership reports.

C/S Solution Advisor will...

35/3,K/25 (Item 3 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01549798 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 13070445 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) X/Open: Unix System Laboratories joins as full technical member. (X/Open Company Ltd.)

EDGE, on & about AT&T, v7, n229, p22(1)

Dec 11, 1992

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT WORD COUNT: 469 LINE COUNT: 00040

... in 1984, is a worldwide, independent, open systems organization dedicated to providing a unified path to open **systems specification** and implementation. This unification is achieved through the close cooperation and integration of **input** from **users**, vendors and **standards** organizations worldwide.

35/3,K/30 (Item 8 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01256154 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 06595900 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) OS-2's dynamic link.

DeWolf, Mary; Mirecki, Ted

PC Tech Journal, v6, n9, p100(9)

Sept, 1988

ISSN: 0738-0194 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 4266 LINE COUNT: 00327

... over the linking process. The name of the library can be constructed dynamically on the basis of **user input** or a **test** of the hardware configuration. If a particular library is not available, the program can attempt some recovery...

...dynamic link in the same way for linking at both load time or runtime. First, the operating system determines if the required library is already loaded because of a previous invocation. If not, it

'35/3,K/31 (Item 9 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R) File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01212842 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 05158823 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Clipper. (Software Review) (dBASE compilers) (evaluation)

Hart, Glenn

PC Magazine, v6, n13, p332(3)

July 21, 1987

DOCUMENT TYPE: evaluation ISSN: 0888-8507 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 1050 LINE COUNT: 00086

... image without redrawing code.

You can add Clipper's VALID clause to GET input statements. The program tests user input against an expression you specify and rejects input that doesn't satisfy your expression, saving you from having to do tedious loop...

35/3,K/32 (Item 10 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01210702 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 05245413 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
IBM begins shipping SAA: SAA spec gives developers first look at IBM's plan
for unified applications. (Related article: Apple reacts with DEC
alliance.)

Bellamah, Pat

PC Week, v4, n42, p1(2)

Oct 20, 1987

ISSN: 0740-1604 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 747 LINE COUNT: 00061

...ABSTRACT: Systems Application Architecture (SAA). This is the first chance for developers to see the programming specifications and **decide** whether cross- systems compatibility is useful to them. The first volume will include the language reference manuals. SAA is IBM...

...hardware systems: the 370 mainframe; System-3X midrange computers; and its new PS-2 microcomputers. A common **user** interface, **standardized programming** languages, and specified communications protocols between applications and systems are SAA aims. The release of the SAA...

35/3,K/33 (Item 11 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01070109 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 00598366

Going Against the Tide.

Fain, D.

Computer Graphics World, v7, n6, p79-80

June, 1984

ISSN: 0271-4159 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: ABSTRACT

ABSTRACT: There is debate as to whether artificial vision is more appropriate for general-purpose systems or dedicated systems to solve specific industry problems. General-purpose systems cost less, \$17,000 to \$80,000, compared with dedicated systems which range from \$125,000 to \$250,000. However, general-purpose systems require more programming and testing. Also, users relate more easily to general-purpose systems. Examples of specific applications of artificial vision are included.

35/3,K/38 (Item 5 from file: 636)
DIALOG(R)File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02509268 Supplier Number: 45044564 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) DIGITAL TARGET INTERNET AS KEY AREA AND LAUNCH VIRTUAL STORE-FRONT Internet Business News, pN/A

Oct 5, 1994

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 217

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

... The four initial areas are the Internet, interactive multimedia, mobile computing and agent technology. "Agents are software **programs** that help users sift through the deluge of information on networks," said William Strecker, chief technical officer in an interview...

...consulting and software fixes. A year ago, Digital announced their Alpha AXP Internet program that enables Internet users to test drive Alpha AXP systems for free, evaluating the Alpha AXP architecture using their own applications. Users can select systems running either the DEC OSF/1 or OpenVMS operating systems, with configurations ranging from workstations to servers...

35/3,K/44 (Item 3 from file: 813)

DIALOG(R) File 813: PR Newswire

(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

0687639 NY007

X OPEN ACCEPTS FEDERATED NAMING SPECIFICATION; SPECIFICATION TO ENABLE INTEROPERABILITY AMONG DIFFERENT DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING ENVIRONMENTS

DATE: March 23, 1994 14:02 EST WORD COUNT: 511

...in 1984, is a worldwide, independent, open systems organization dedicated to providing a unified path to open systems specification and implementation. This unification is achieved through the close cooperation and integration of input from users, vendors, and standards organizations worldwide. The X/Open specification, which covers both interoperability and applications portability elements, is based on...

35/3,K/45 (Item 4 from file: 813)

DIALOG(R) File 813:PR Newswire

(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

0687638 NY006

X OPEN ANNOUNCES NEW HUMAN-COMPUTER INTERACTION INITIATIVE

DATE: March 23, 1994 14:01 EST WORD COUNT: 840

...in 1984, is a worldwide, independent, open systems organization dedicated to providing a unified path to open systems specification and implementation. This unification is achieved through the close cooperation and integration of input from users, vendors and standards organizations worldwide. The X/Open specification, which covers both interoperability and applications portability elements, is based on...

35/3,K/46 (Item 5 from file: 813)

DIALOG(R) File 813:PR Newswire

(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

X OPEN RELEASES SNAPSHOT VERSION OF THE UNIFIED UNIX SPECIFICATION; 1170 SPECIFICATION TO BEGIN 'FAST TRACK' REVIEW PROCESS

DATE: March 23, 1994 14:00 EST WORD COUNT: 933

...in 1984, is a worldwide, independent, open systems organization dedicated to providing a unified path to open systems specification and implementation. This unification is achieved through the close cooperation and integration of input from users, vendors and standards organizations worldwide. The X/Open specification, which covers both interoperability and applications portability elements, is based on...

35/3,K/47 (Item 6 from file: 813)

DIALOG(R) File 813:PR Newswire

(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

0685263

SJ003

X OPEN TO ANNOUNCE DETAILS ABOUT SPEC 1170 DEVELOPMENT AND ITS DESKTOP INTEGRATION INITIATIVE

DATE: March 16, 1994 07:55 EST WORD COUNT: 194

...in 1984, is a worldwide, independent open systems organization dedicated to providing a unified path to open systems specification and implementation. This unification is achieved through the close cooperation and integration of input from users, vendors and standards organizationS worldwide. The X/Open specification, which covers both interoperability and applications portability elements, is based on...

35/3,K/48 (Item 7 from file: 813)

DIALOG(R) File 813:PR Newswire

(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

0576470

NY012

X OPEN TO ENHANCE XPG WITH COSE SPECIFICATIONS OFFERING A COHERENT DESKTOP ENVIRONMENT TO FULFILL USER DEMAND

DATE: March 17, 1993 07:31 EST WORD COUNT: 487

...in 1984, is a worldwide, independent, open systems organization dedicated to providing a unified path to open systems specification and implementation. This unification is achieved through the close cooperation and integration of input from users, vendors and standards organizations worldwide. The X/Open specification, which covers both interoperability and applications portability elements, is based on...

35/3,K/51 (Item 3 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04379373 Supplier Number: 46423148 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Microsoft Visual C++ now Competes with Delphi Client/Server Suite and
PowerBuilder

News Release, pN/A

May 31, 1996

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 1551

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) TEXT:

...for developers who want to rapidly develop robust, scaleable high-performance C++ Client/Server applications. "We have **tested** several **client** /server development tools but none of them were as powerful as the new Visual SQL... ", said Orton...

...to visually and quickly create Client/Server applications. The Visual SQL Tools provide easy definition of queries, SQL statements, tables, pick lists, custom screens, and more, as well as instant access to all database objects from a central...

...Wizard and the SQL Editor. The Query Builder allows developers to visually create complex SQL queries without **programming**. **Users** simply point-and-click to select the tables and columns to be displayed in the query, set...

...resources included in a specific Client/Server application. Programmers can instantly access database-related dialog boxes, queries, SQL statements, properties, pick lists, SQL source code, and more. This is a real time-saver particularly when the database has...

35/3,K/52 (Item 4 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04342782 Supplier Number: 46368949 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)
DataViews Corporation Announces DV-Centro 1.2, the First Tool for
Developing Visual Programming Languages Under Windows NT

News Release, pN/A

May 7, 1996

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 877

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

...juxtaposing and interacting with these shapes, users actually affect underlying data structures through their graphic representations. VPL programs allow users to graphically display and update information from databases, generate tested code directly from graphical flow diagrams, and

...and data in VPL applications. This framework decreases the amount of code that has to be programmed, tested, and debugged, allowing users to achieve high levels of both code and design muse. DV-Centro also includes a set of...

...rotation, scaling, etc.). Geometry-independent graphical constraint management that controls and maintains relationships between graphical objects. Application- **specific rules** defining graphical behavior, which prevent invalid linkages, thereby reducing errors. Developers using DV-Centro 1.1 for...

35/3,K/53 (Item 5 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04312235 Supplier Number: 46320973 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) SAM 4.0 provides power, simplicity, and automatic on-line updates InfoWorld, p113

April 22, 1996

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 525

... resource and data definitions for new viruses that surface. Now all that can be handled automatically with ${\tt no}$ intervention from the ${\tt user}$. But it also means that apart from choosing when to connect for updates or

scheduling updates to happen automatically at daily, weekly, or monthly intervals, you basically never have to think about updating your virus database again.

Anyone who has had to...

35/3,K/56 (Item 8 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04043537 Supplier Number: 45880765 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Cyborg Systems powers up The Solution Series/ST with Windows 95 support!;

Cyborg's flexible client/server HRMS immediately takes advantage of the new capabilities now available in Windows 95.

Business Wire, p10241138

Oct 24, 1995

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 481

... product had no difficulty running on this new operating system," said Skibski. "Cyborg has stayed with Windows programming standards so our customers can continue to have the freedom to choose what operating system they want to use on the client side, without the concern of whether or not The Solution...

35/3,K/60 (Item 1 from file: 160)
DIALOG(R)File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 1999 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02270879

SESSION MANAGER FEATURES SINGLE SYSTEM IMAGE, CONTROLLABLE USER ACCESS News Release April 17, 1989 p. 1

... added or modified online without disrupting the efficiency and uptime of the system. The new version provides rules -based user definitions which simplifies administrative tasks and preserves security. The administrator only needs to define a rule and specify it to a group of users rather than explicitly defining it to each individual user. This reduces the initial input and overall maintenance of the system.

35/3,K/65 (Item 6 from file: 160)
DIALOG(R)File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 1999 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01480117

Computing Capabilities Corporation has announced the availability of Release 5 of MAESTRO, a job scheduling and operations management package for HP 3000 comput.

NEWS RELEASE August 4, 1986 p. 11

... several major enhancements provided with this release allow MAESTRO to capture and control all jobs submitted by **users** or application **programs**, integrating them with scheduled production in a controlled multiprogramming environment. Other enhancements allow computer operators to display...

... MAESTRO is a software package which automatically schedules and manages job processing according to calendars and operating **rules specified** by the **user** . MAESTRO is available for all models of HP 3000 computers and offers an option to integrate batch...



| *** | 1 |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Center Control | STIC EIC 2100 |
| USPTO | Search Request Forn |
| | SUPPRISON TALENT DE |

| USPTO SUPERVISORY PATERT EXAMIN'S | Request Form (51) |
|--|---|
| Today's Date: TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100 What dat | te would you like to use to limit the search? ate: 12 15 9 Other: |
| Name | Format for Search Results (Circle One): PAPER DISK EMAIL Where have you searched so far? USP DWPI EPO JPO ACM IBM TDB IEEE INSPEC SPI Other |
| Is this a "Fast & Focused" Search Request? (Circle A "Fast & Focused" Search is completed in 2-3 hours (maximeet certain criteria. The criteria are posted in EIC2100 and http://ptoweb/patents/stic/stic-tc2100.htm. | mum). The search must be on a very specific topic and |
| What is the topic, novelty, motivation, utility, or other specific include the concepts, synonyms, keywords, acronyms, defin the topic. Please attach a copy of the abstract, background, relevant art you have found. | itions, strategies, and anything else that helps to describe |
| * a selection formula interein Togrammed Ly the war of selection Remula incl (as shown in fig 1) and presented to the war additional war interest | rding Dearch Miteria identifying information to be searched for |
| STIC Searcher Terese Esterheld Date picked up 12/11/03 4:15 pm Date Completed | Phone 308-7795 d 12/12/03 12:30 pm |

